

13th International Workshop on RF Superconductivity

Peking University, Beijing, China 2007



THE SPIRAL 2 PROJECT

- CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS
- RECENT DEVELOPMENTS
ON THE SC LINAC DRIVER

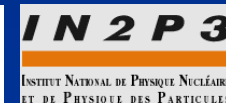
T. Junquera,

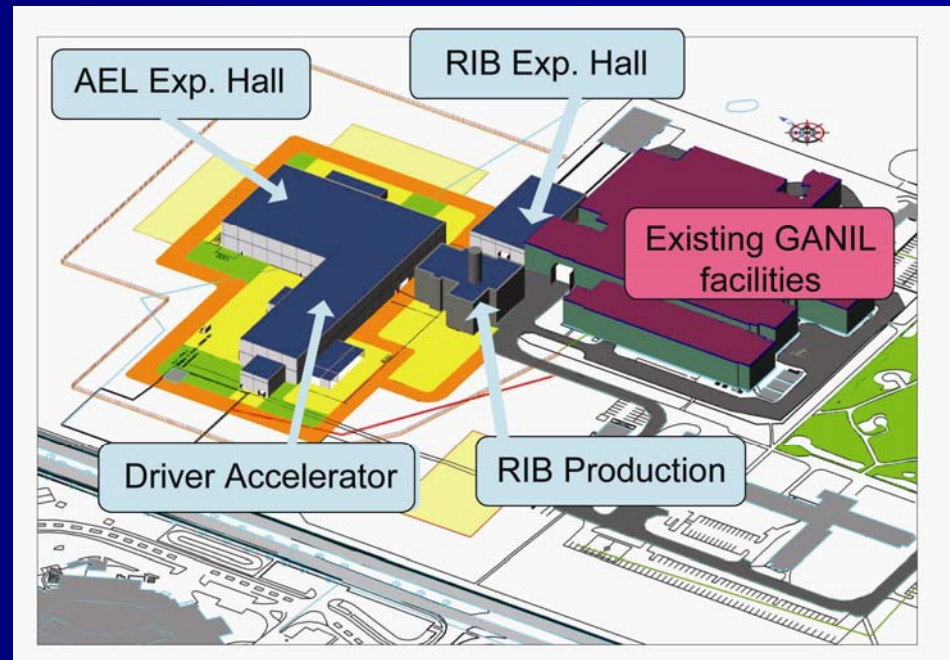
IPNO (CNRS, IN2P3), 91400 Orsay, France

on behalf of the Spiral 2 project group
GANIL (CEA-CNRS), Caen, France



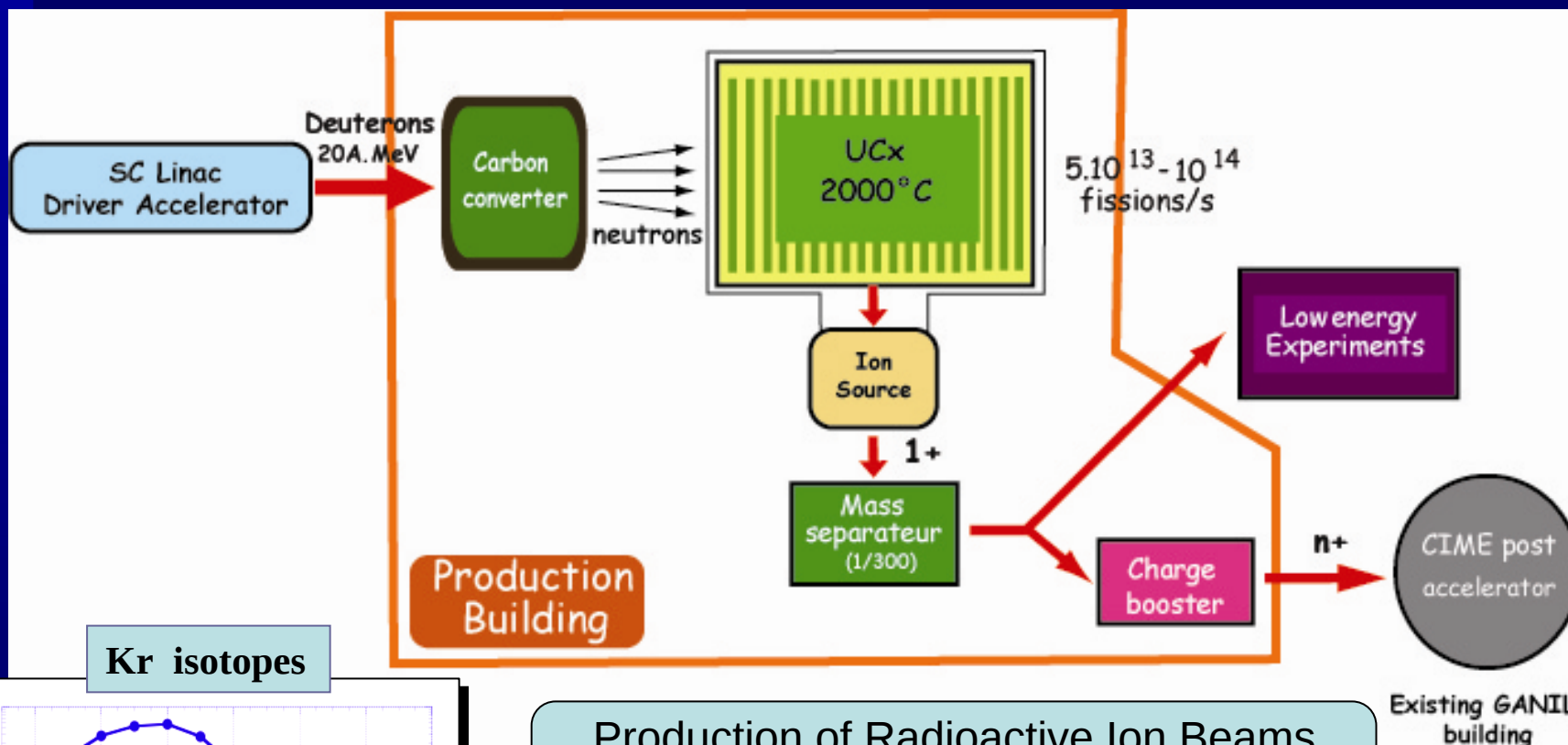
*Direction
des Sciences
de la Matière*



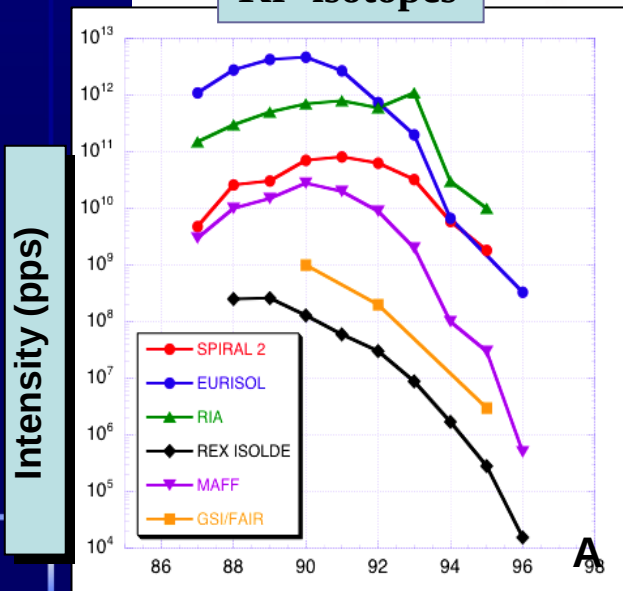


European facility for exotic nuclei at GANIL (Caen, France)

- Based on a high power, superconducting driver linac (40 MeV deuteron beam, 5mA)
 - Intense beams of neutron-rich exotic nuclei (10^6 - 10^{11} pps)
 - High intensity stable isotope beams ($q/A = 1/3$, energy up to 14.5 MeV/nucleon, 1 mA)
 - High power fast neutrons



Kr isotopes



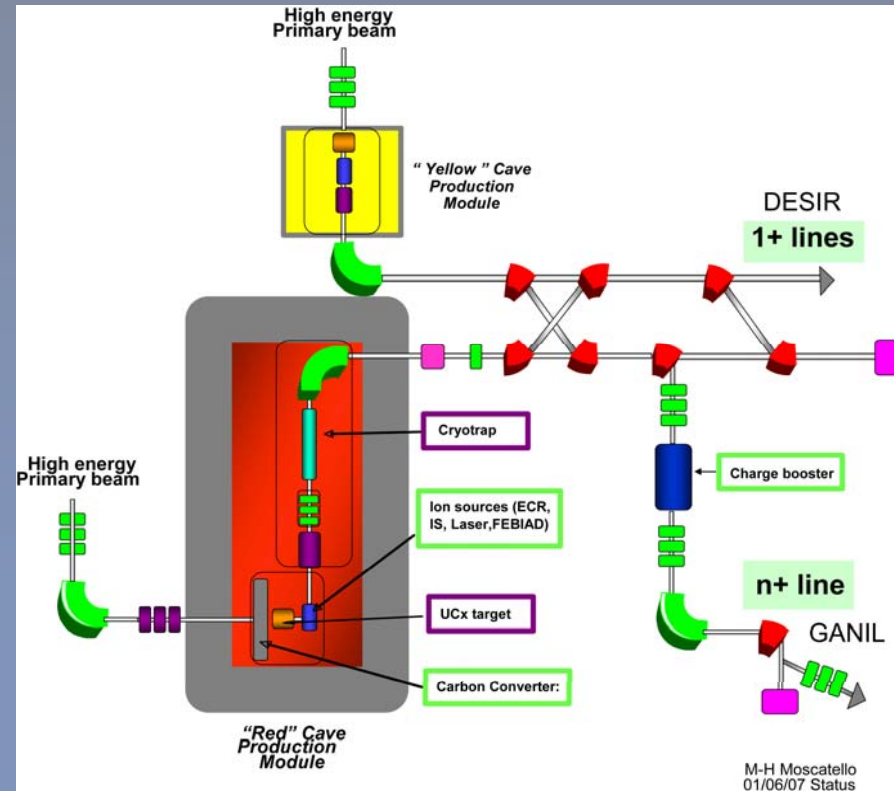
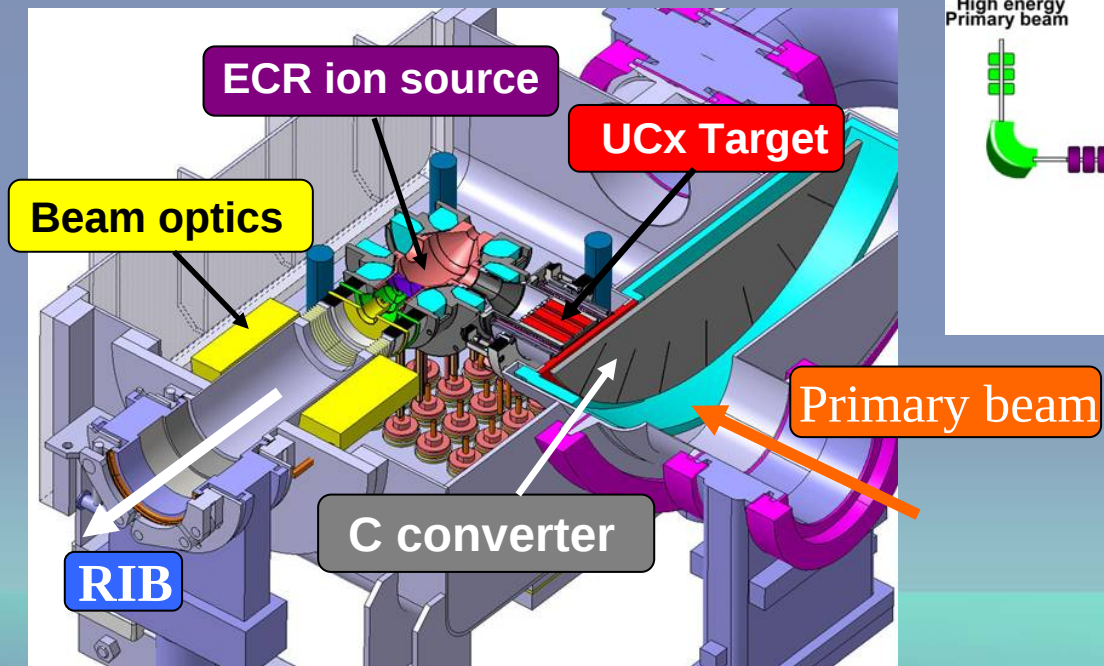
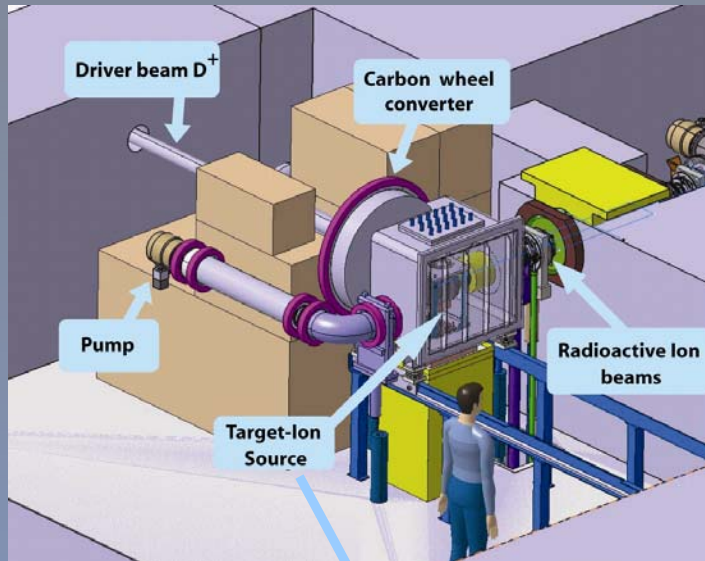
Production of Radioactive Ion Beams (ISOL method)

Expected yields:

- $> 10^9$ pps for ^{132}Sn
- $> 10^{10}$ pps for ^{92}Kr

- direct irradiation of the UCx target with deuteron beams for production of $^3,^4\text{He}$, $^6,^7\text{Li}$, or ^{12}C

RIB production systems



SPIRAL2 DRIVER ACCELERATOR

beam	p+	D+	ions	ions
Q/A	1	1/2	1/3	1/6
I (mA) max.	5	5	1	1
W_0 min. (Mev/A)	2	2	2	2
W_0 max. (Mev/A)	33	20	14.5	8.5
CW max. beam power (KW)	165	200	44	48

Total length: 65 m (without HE lines)

D⁺: ECR ion source

Heavy Ions: ECR Ion Source

Slow and Fast Chopper

RFQ (1/1, 1/2, 1/3) & 3 re-bunchers

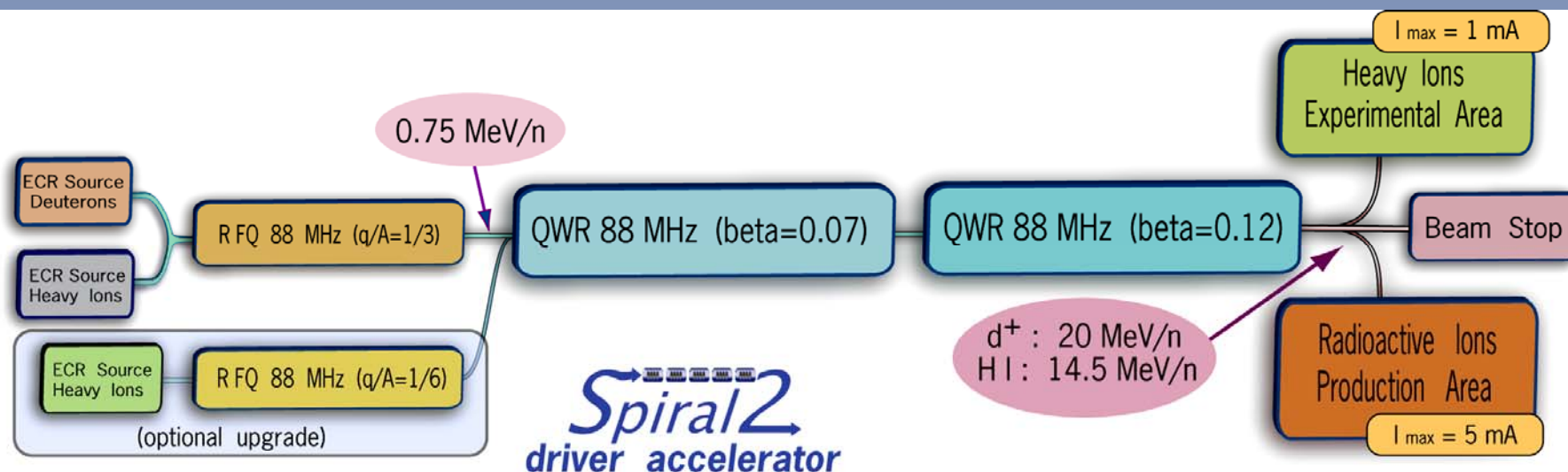
12 QWR beta 0.07 (12 cryomodules)

14 QWR beta 0.12 (7 cryomodules)

1 KW Helium Liquifier (4.2 K)

Room Temperature Q-poles

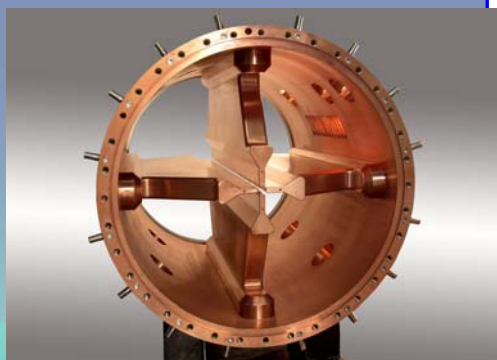
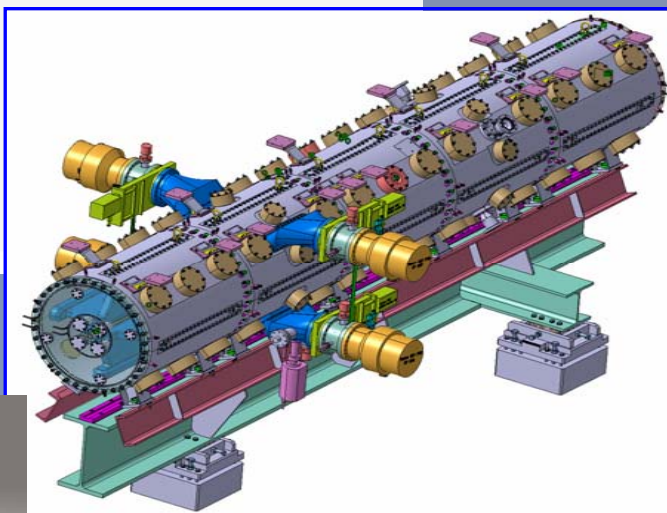
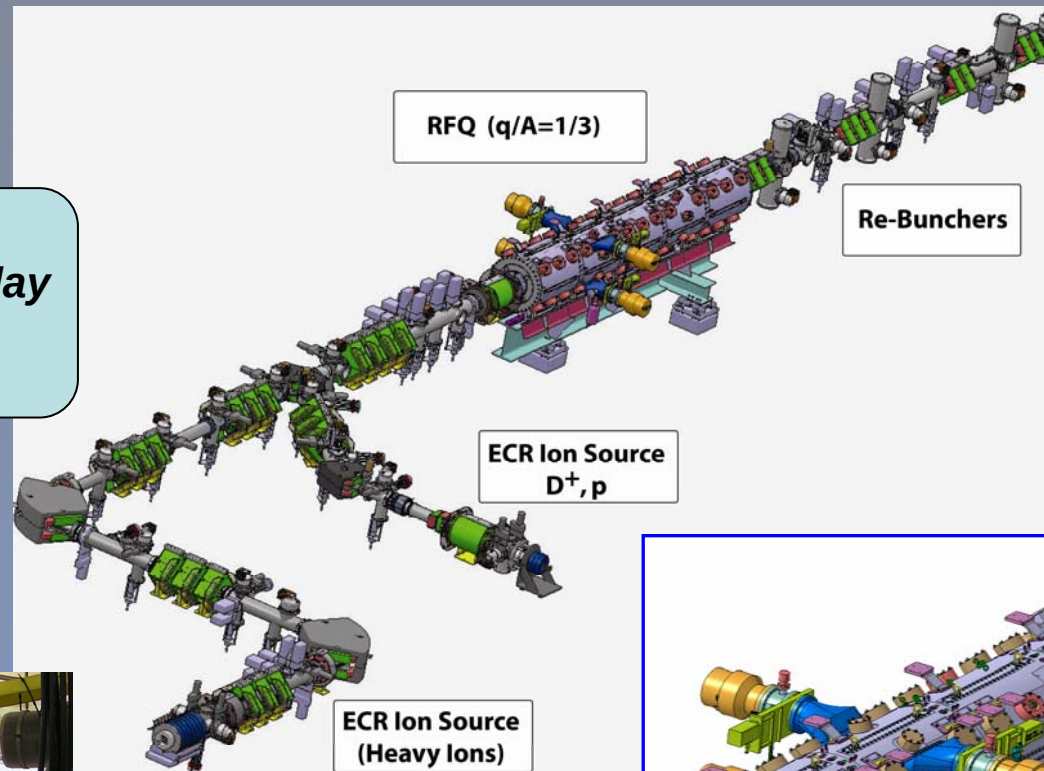
30 Solid State RF amplifiers (10 & 20 KW)



Spiral2 driver accelerator

Injector (Phase 1):
Task leader : CEA Saclay
Assembly & tests
Saclay 2009-2010

Heavy Ion Source
A-Phoenix
LPSC
Grenoble
Test with
LEB line 2008



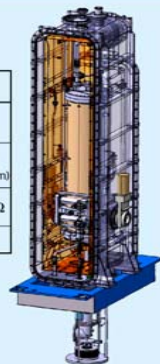
RFQ (q/A: 1, 1/2, 1/3)
88 MHz , length: 5 m
Prototype: tested at full power
(2005-2006)

Spiral2 driver accelerator

SC Linac

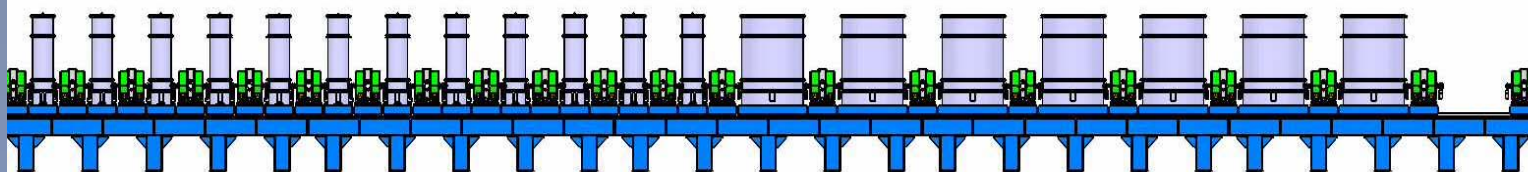
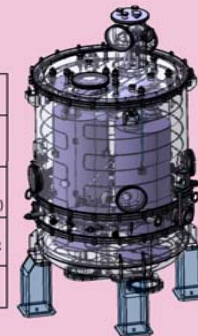
QWR (beta=0.07)
CEA/DSM/DAPNIA
(Saclay)

$\beta = 0.07$	
$\frac{E_{peak}}{E_{acc}}$	5.0
$\frac{B_{peak}}{E_{acc}}$	8.75 mT/(MV/m)
$\frac{R_s}{Q}$	632 Ω
$Q_0 \times 10^9$	2.2

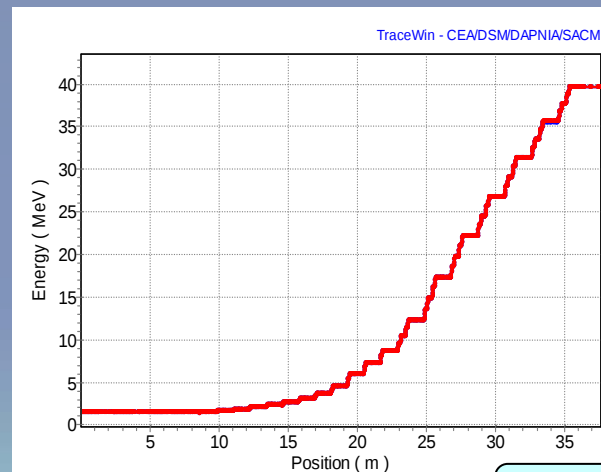
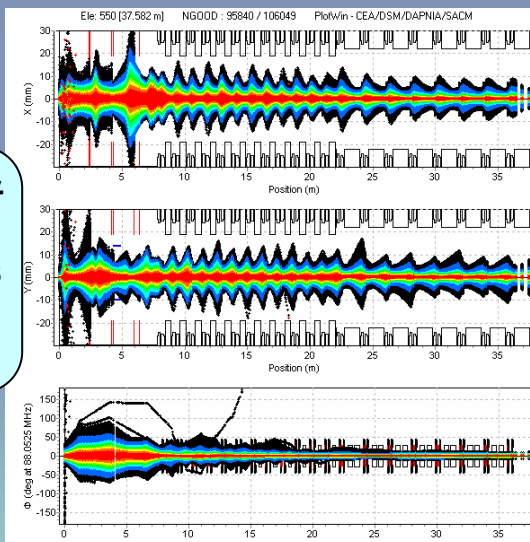


QWR (beta=0.12)
CNRS-IPN
(Orsay)

$\beta = 0.12$	
$\frac{E_{peak}}{E_{acc}}$	5.5
$\frac{B_{peak}}{E_{acc}}$	10.1 mT/(MV/m)
$\frac{R_s}{Q}$	521 Ω
$Q_0 \times 10^9$	1.7



Transverse &
Longitudinal
Emmittances
d+
40 MeV, 5 mA

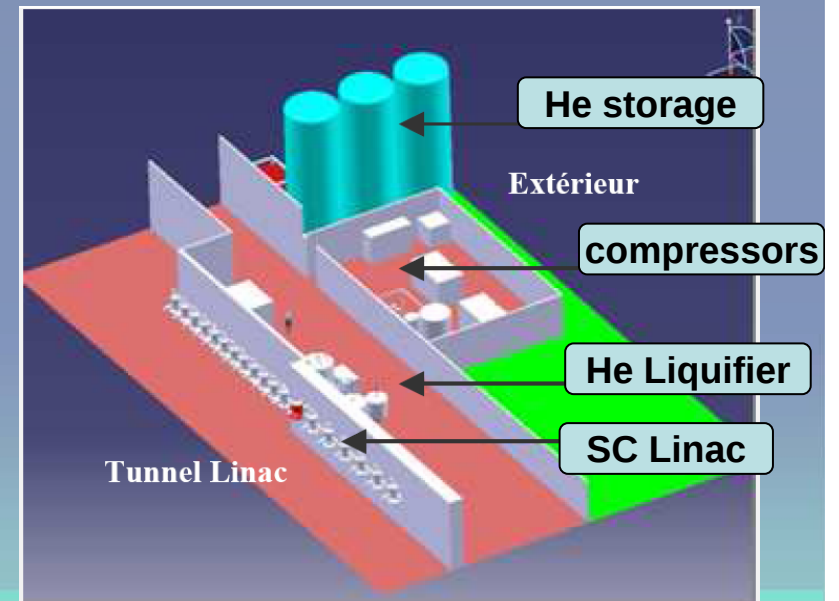
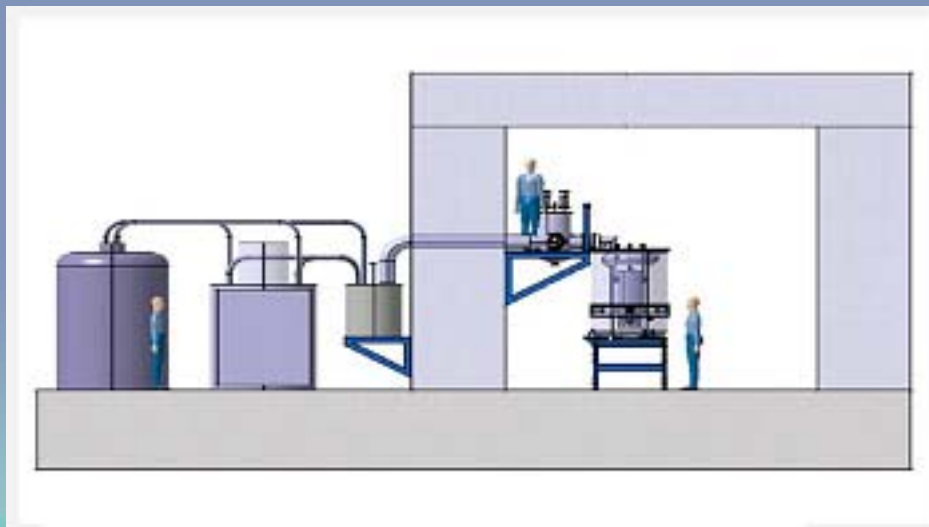
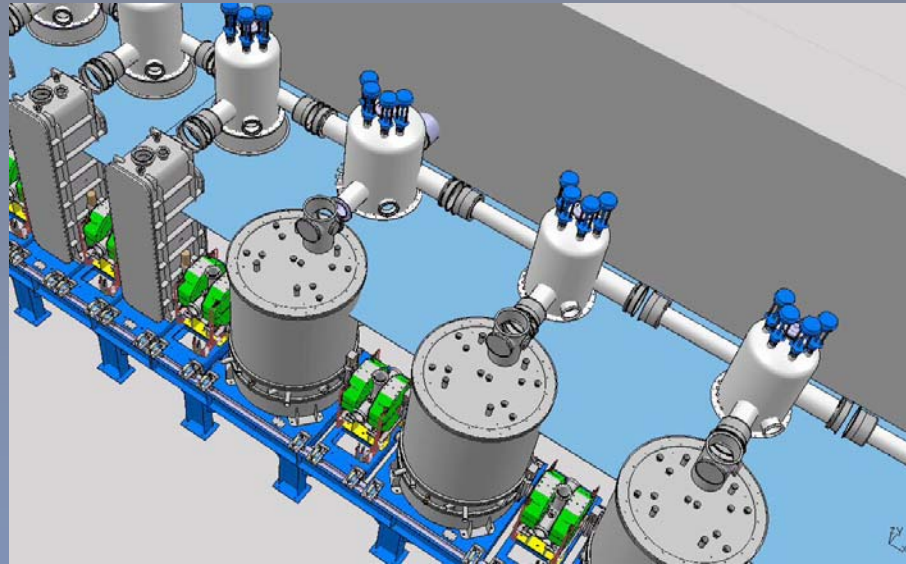


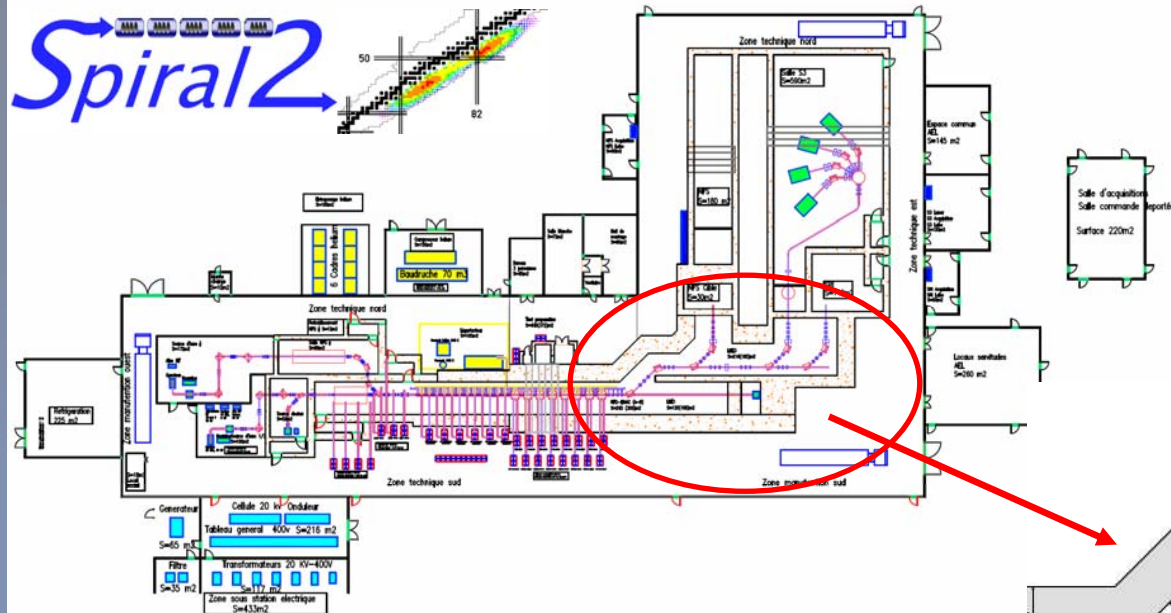
Energy Gain

Beam Losses: d+: < 1 W/m

Spiral2 driver accelerator

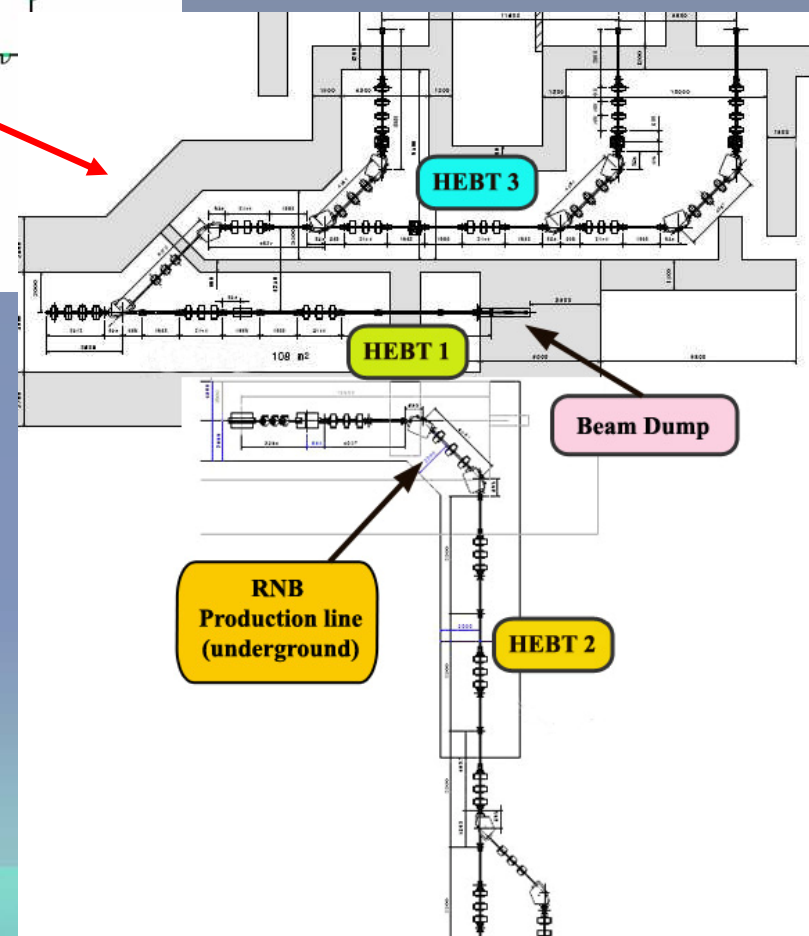
Cryogenic Systems



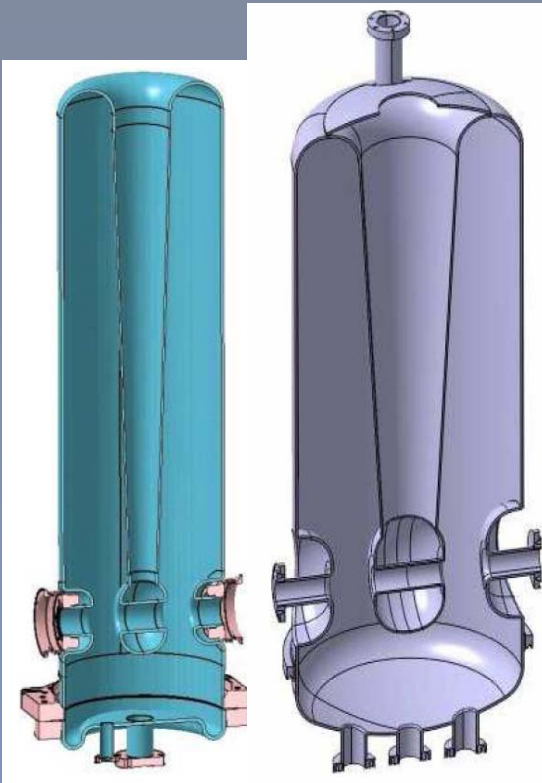


Driver Accelerator & Experimental Areas Building

- Experimental Areas
(heavy ions and neutrons)
1. S3 (high intensity stable beams)
 2. NFS (neutrons for science)
pulsed beam $> 6 \cdot 10^{12}$ n/s (14 MeV)
 3. Atomic Physics, Condensed Matter, ...



PROGRESS on the SUPERCONDUCTING LINAC Construction



QWR A β 0.07	QWR B β 0.12
Proto : 1	Proto : 1
Pre series: 1	Pre-series: 2

Poster: Guillaume Olry

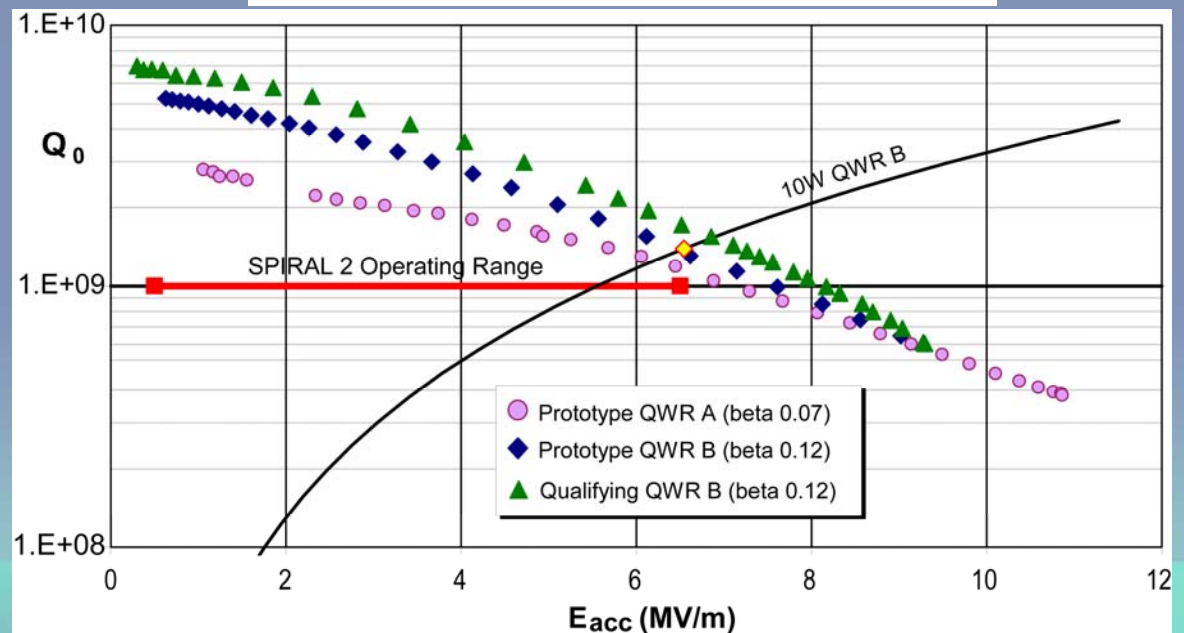
Evolution of the initial design

frequency [MHz]	88.05	88.05
β_{opt}	0.07	0.12
E_{pk}/E_{acc}	5.0	5.6
$B_{pk}/E_{acc} [\frac{mT}{MV/m}]$	8.9	10.2
$r/Q [\Omega]$	632	518
V_{acc} at 6.5 MV/m, β_{opt} [MV]	1.54	2.65
$G [\Omega]$	22.4	38
beam tube ϕ [mm]	30	36
cavity ext. ϕ [mm]	230	380
Q_{ext}	$6.6 \cdot 10^5$	$1.1 \cdot 10^6$

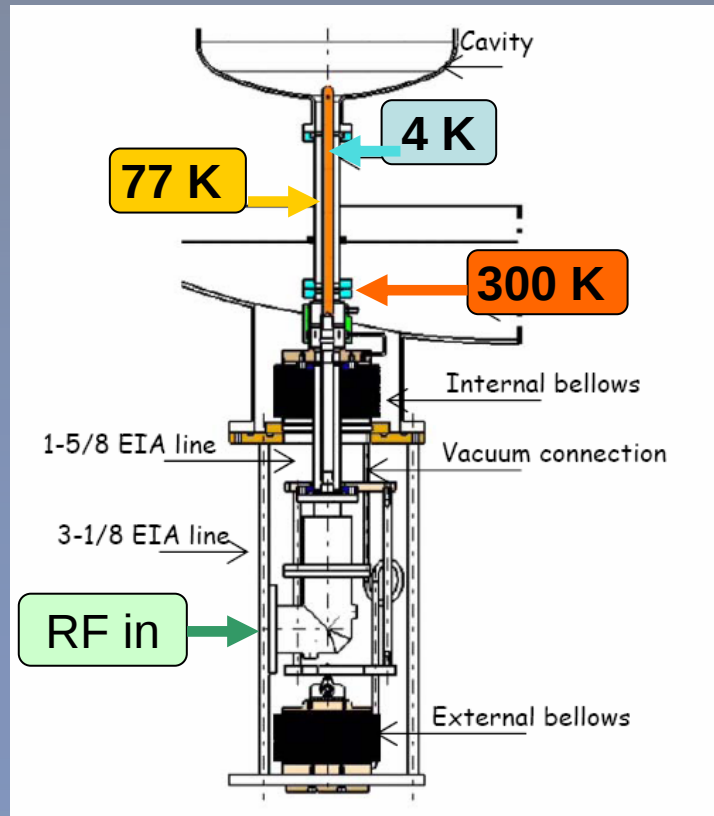
Table 1: characteristics of $\lambda/4$ cavities

38

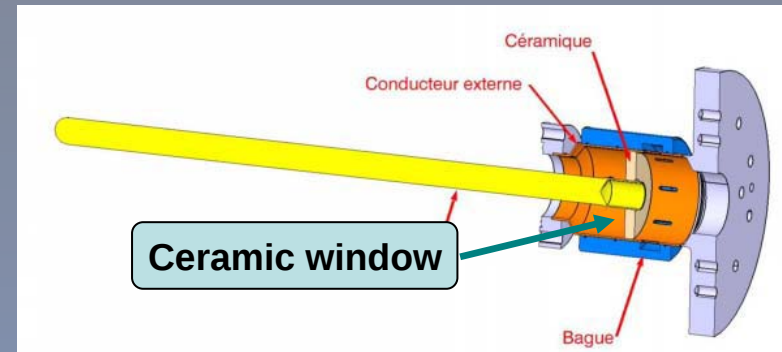
44



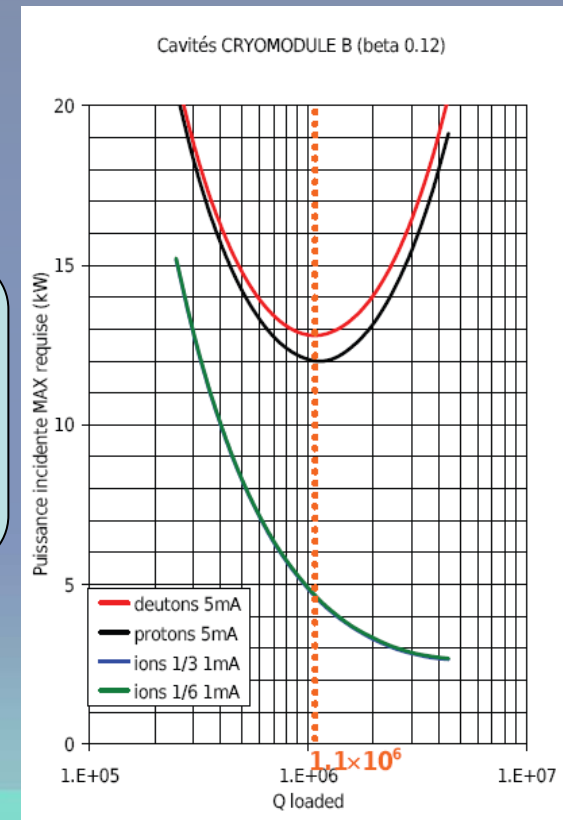
RF Power Couplers



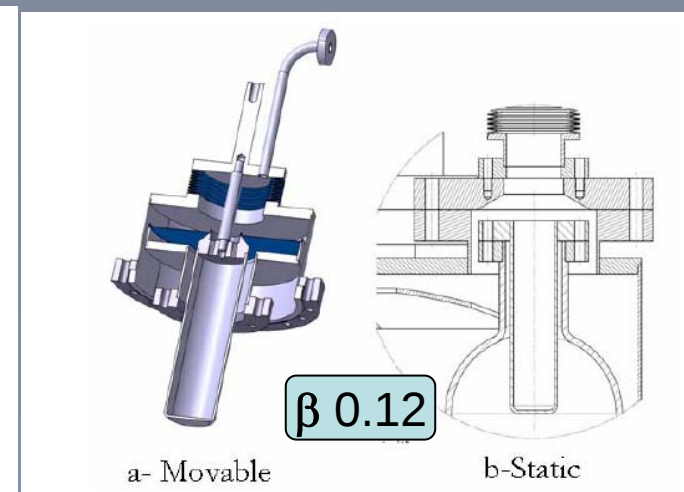
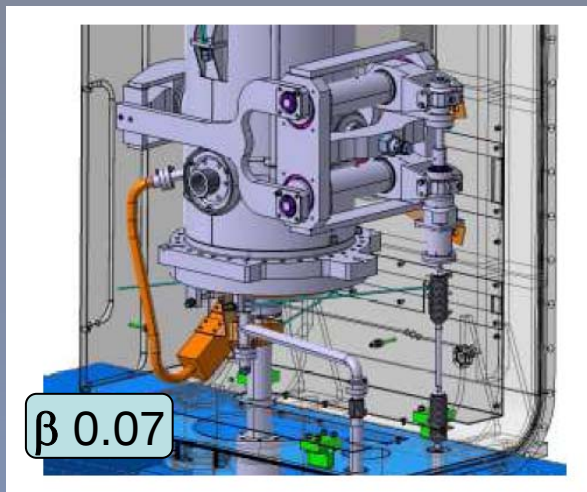
details on Poster: Yolanda Gomez



Nominal
RF power
for β 0.12
(5 mA D^+ beam)



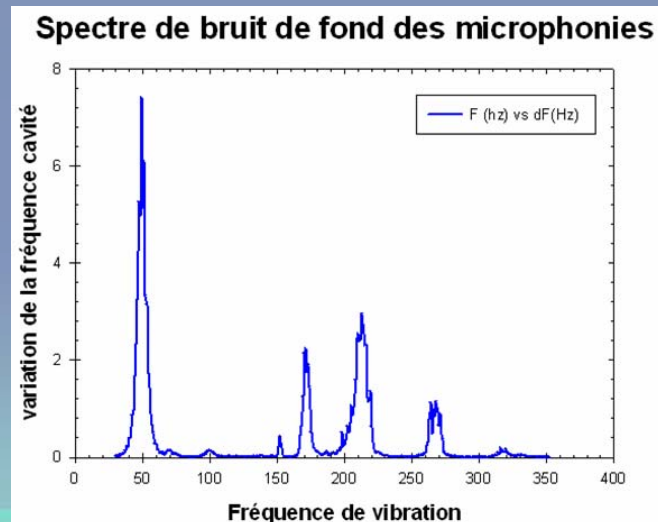
QWR Tuning

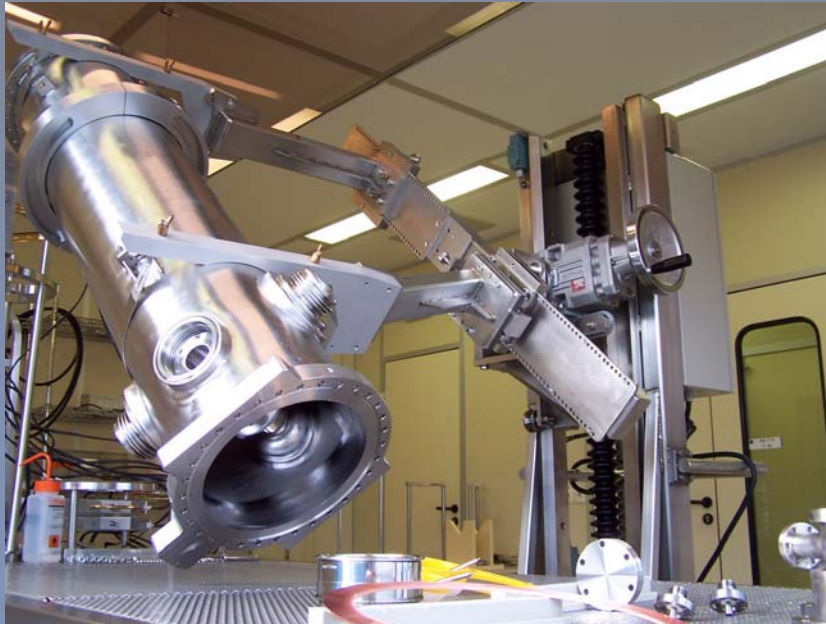


- $\beta 0.07$: mechanical tuner, QWR body deformation
- $\beta 0.12$: plungers on QWR top volume (fixed and movable)

Vibrations Measurements

Poster : Guillaume Martinet & David Longuevergne





**Preparation of the
first β 0.07
cryomodule
CEA Saclay
September 2007**



**Preparation of the
first β 0.12
QWRs and
couplers
(Clean room)
IPN Orsay
September 2007**





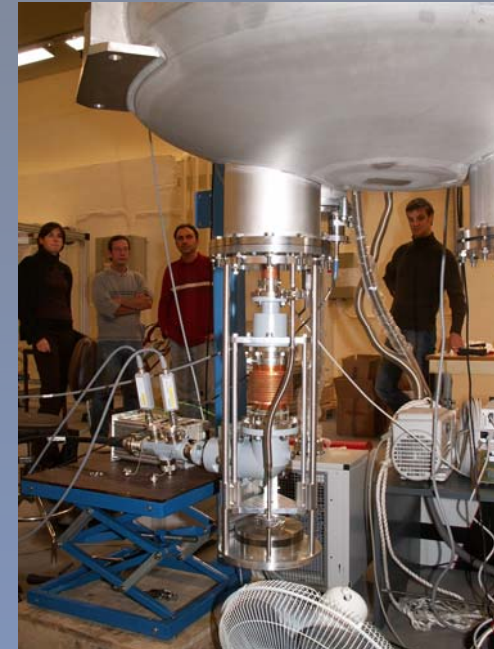
**Assembly phases
of the first β 0.12
Cryomodule
September 2007**



Tests with Cryomodule type B (beta 0.12)

Program for 4th Qr. 2007

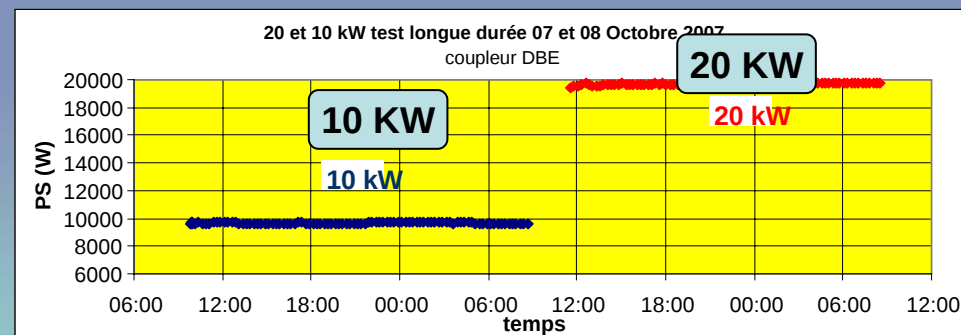
1. Coupler at room temperature 
(Poster Yolanda Gomez)
2. Cryogenic test (transfer lines, valves and static losses)
3. RF tests at 4.2K (low power, high power)
4. Alignement, tuning, vibrations, ...



RF Amplifiers Tests (Poster Marco DiGiacomo)



OK



... last week

Preparation of the
cryomodule test site:

- cryogenic valve box
- alignment support

Tests: October &
November 2007





Buildings Construction Phases

