



INSTITUTE FOR HIGH ENERGY PHYSICS (IHEP)
Protvino, Moscow Region, 142281, Russia

Acceleration of Deuterons up to 23.6 GeV per nucleon through I100, U1.5, and U70 of IHEP

(oral WECHA02)

Sergey Ivanov

RuPAC-2010

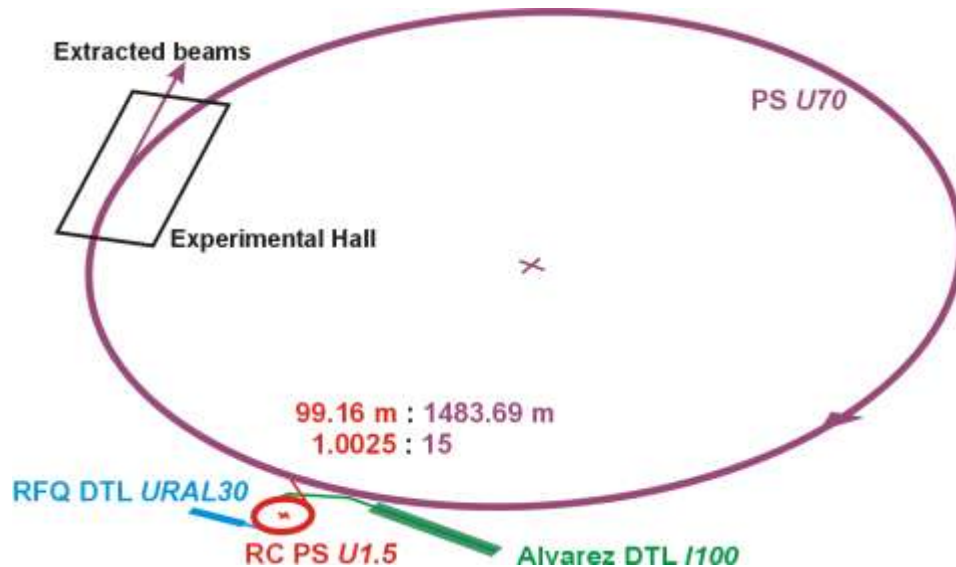
ИФВЭ

IHEP

XXII Russian Particle Accelerator Conference
27.09-01.10.2010 Protvino, Moscow region

- Generalities
- Prehistory (prior to RuPAC-2008)
- Run 2008-2
- Run 2009-1
- Run 2009-2
- Run 2010-1
- Conclusion

General



	<i>U1.5</i>	<i>U70</i>
$B\rho, \text{T}\cdot\text{m}$	0.8 -- 6.9	6.9 -- 233.4
$f_{\text{RF}}, \text{MHz}$	0.75 -- 2.79	5.52 -- 6.06
P, Torr	$2 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$5 \cdot 10^{-7}$

I100: Alvarez DTL, 0.7—100 (72.7) MeV p ; 16.7 MeV/u d, C (@ 4π)

Goal:

- To extend functionality of *U70* for applied and fundamental research
- To provide extracted beams of p and light ions (d, C) on a fixed target
- To, thus, convert *U70* to an universal hadron accelerator (& storage) ring
- To provide (a.s.a.p.) carbon-**beam-therapy** compliant **beams**

Boundary conditions

Boundary conditions:

- To comply with overall layout limitations of the existing machines
- To be non-invasive, never preclude the existing p -program
- To be cost-effective, the utmost use of existing capital equipment
- To implement proven technologies

Consequences:

- In a non-SC synchrotron, feasible vacuum $P > 1\text{-}5 \cdot 10^{-8}$ Torr
- Unsuitable optics and no place to assemble collimators to localize beam losses from an intermediate charge-state ion beam
- No place for stripping-foil target assembly for charge-exchange (non-Liouvillean) injection into $U70$
- No place for any cooling inserts in $U70$ whatsoever
- Prescribed variation range of rigidity $B\rho$ in lattice, and frequency f_{RF} in RF systems
- Technical limitations in $I100$ at the 4π -mode imposing $1/3 < q/A < 1/2$

Reference ions

Fully stripped (bare) ions, $q = Z$
Charge-to-mass ratio $q/A = 1/2$

Reference ions:

- ${}_1\text{H}^{1+}$ protons, p
- ${}_2\text{H}^{1+}$ deuterons, d
- ${}_{12}\text{C}^{6+}$ carbon

Why light ions? To be on the safe side w.r.t.:

- Coulomb betatron tune shift,
- MCS on residual gas,
- Ionization losses on residual gas,
- IBS,
- e-capture (recombination) on residual gas,

$$N_B \propto (B\rho)^2/\beta A$$
$$d\varepsilon/dt \propto P/(B\rho)^2\beta$$
$$d\ln p/dt \propto -Pq/B\rho\beta^2$$
$$\tau \propto (B\rho)^2/N_B\beta q^2$$
$$\sigma \propto \beta^3 q^2/T^{17/4}$$

Prospects of going to heavier ions will be assessed later
with more experimental data at hands

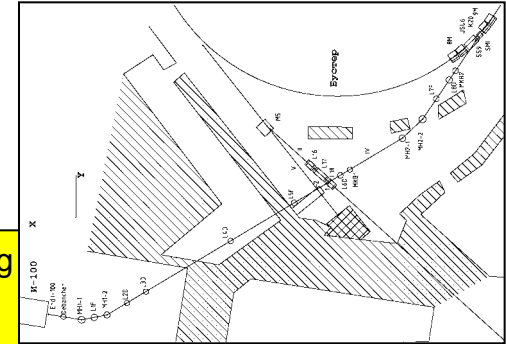
Prehistory @ I100 & U1.5

∴

- Alvarez DTL, 2 tanks of 3, 4π -mode, d , C to 16.7 MeV/u
- BTL I100/U1/5

Reassemble 9th SS of U1.5 and update other equipment:

- A wider dipole
- New vacuum chamber
- Away 1 RF cavity (now, a spare unit)
- 177 mrad septum magnet with its PSU
- 23 mrad kicker magnet with its PSU
- The other ancillary equipment
- New RF master oscillator
- Extra capacitive loads to 8 RF cavities
- Improved (though, partially) beam diagnostics, ...



44 m long
4 bends
8 quads
2 V-correctors
beam diagnostics



10-12.12.07; p ; 72.7-1320 MeV; $3 \cdot 10^{10}$ ppb; 35% through U1.5

29-30.03.08; d ; 16.7- 455 MeV/u; $3 \cdot 10^{10}$ ppb; 34% through U1.5

Prehistory @ U70

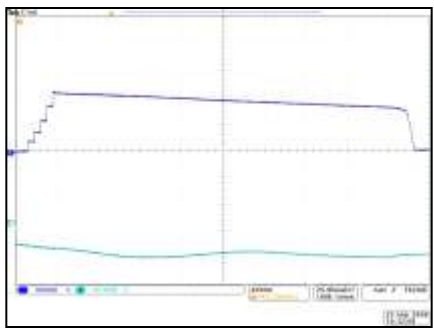
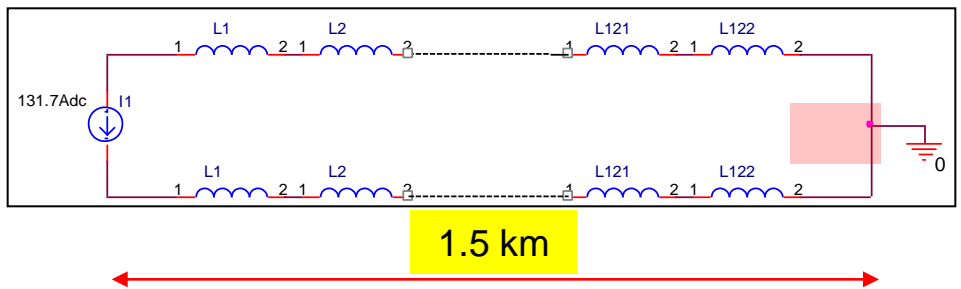
1st MD of 2008: beam test with a stand-alone DC power supply unit for the U70 ring magnet

- Goal:**
- cheap MD runs (1.32 GeV *p*, 0.45 GeV/u *d*, C);
 - storage/stretcher ring of light ions 450 MeV/u;
 - medical applications of C beams

Preliminary job: long-line impedance measurements, two competitive DC PSUs

2 PSU: building #10, 131.7 A and (*building #175, 129.8 A*)

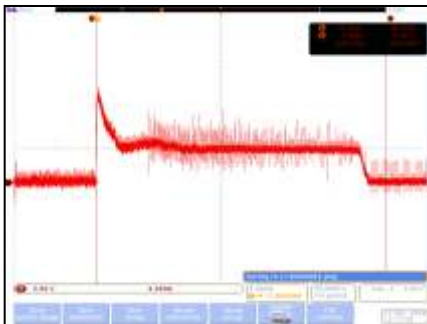
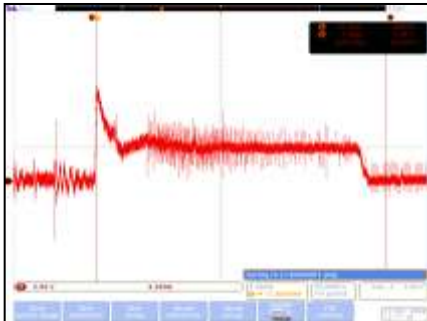
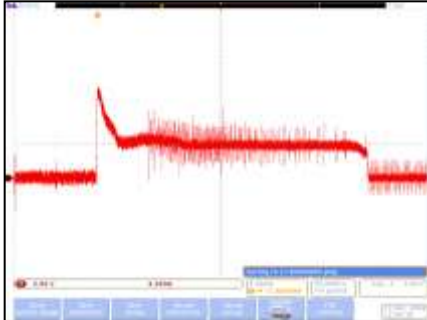
Experimental studies: 07.03 and 23.04.08



354 ± 0.05 Gauss

Run 2008-2

U1.5



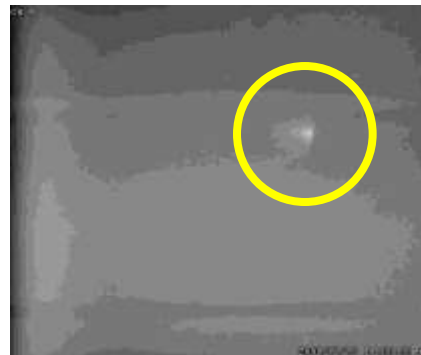
10–12.12.08; d ; 16.7– 455 MeV/u, 2nd time in record of service

U70

Preparatory activity:

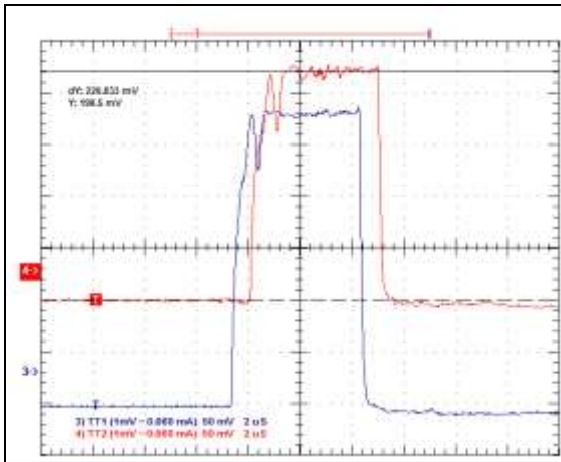
1. Standalone DC PSU (131.1 A) of ring magnet
2. Coasting p @1.32 GeV (354 Gauss)
3. Injection of p under RT off
4. Imitation of low- N d -bunch, $3 \cdot 10^{10}$ ppb
5. Settling issued DC CT...

d in U70 after 4 bending magnets, sc screen in SS10

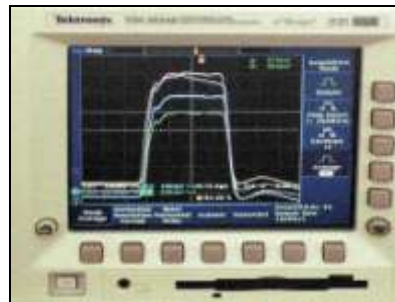


Run 2009-1 (1)

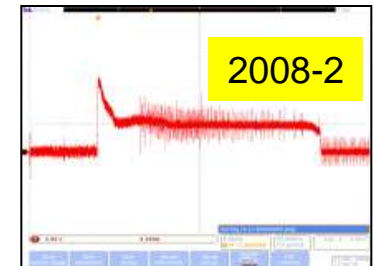
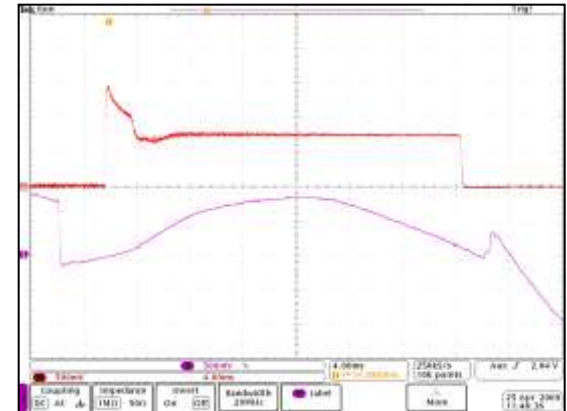
I100: *d*, 16.7 MeV/u
 (16–17 mA; 40 μs) →
 (15 mA; 5 μs)



Reserves in matching BTL
 I100/U1.5 (beam envelopes)



U1.5: *d*, 16.7 – 448.6 MeV/u
 50% in-out

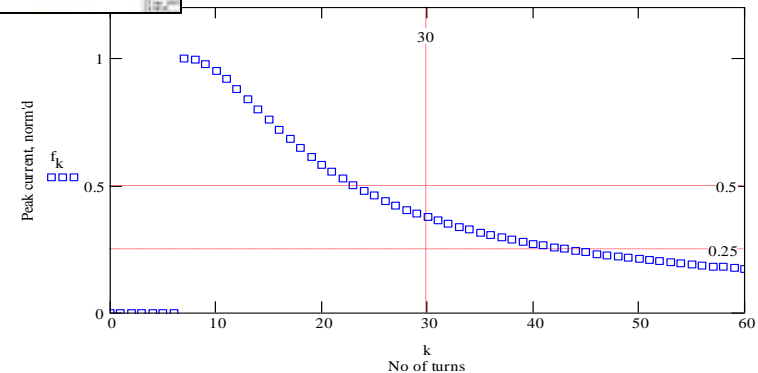
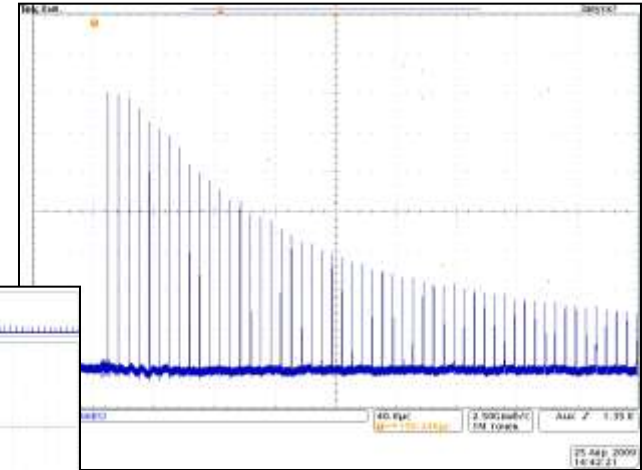
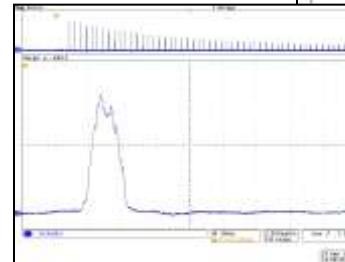
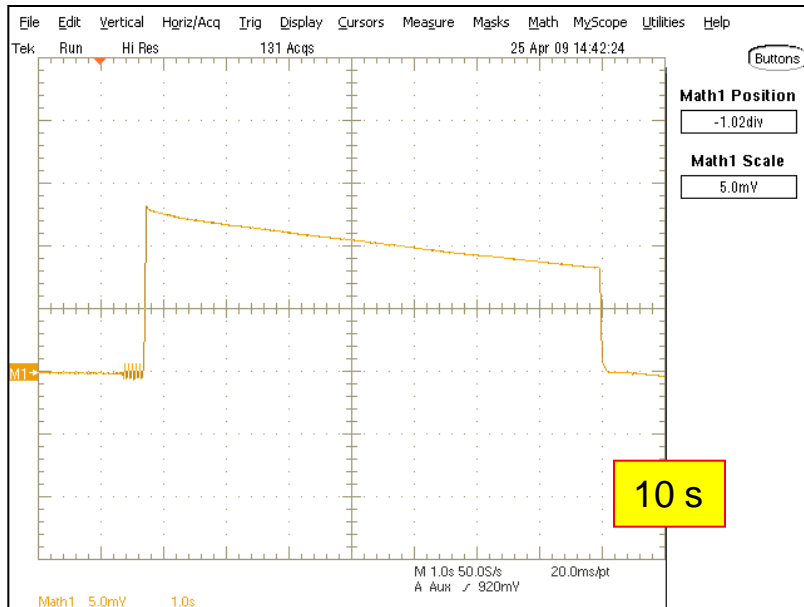


Run 2009-1 (2)

April 25, 2009

U70: d , 448.6 MeV/u coasting
 128.38 A DC stand-alone PSU
 $B = 350.93 \pm 0.01$ Gauss
 $4.5 \cdot 10^{10}$ $d p p$
 $\Delta p/p_0 = \pm 3.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$, $\Delta t_{b0} = 100$ ns
 7.5 s long circulation @ flat-bottom
 life time 30–40 s

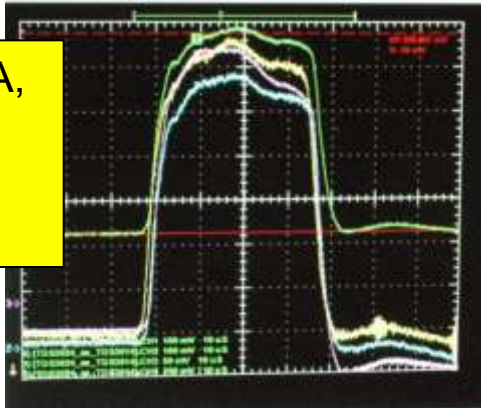
Rotation period (d) 6.72 vs (p) 5.44 μ s



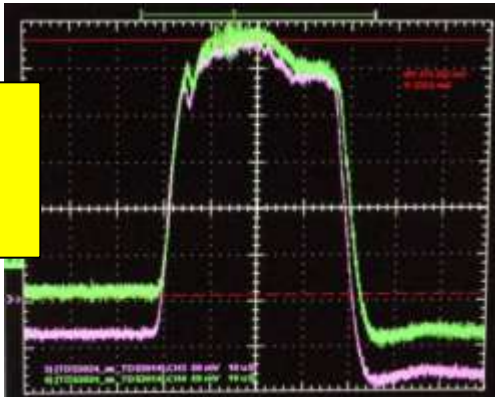
Run 2009-2 (1)

I100: *d*, 16.7 MeV/u
Smooth operation
Idle time = 0 ca

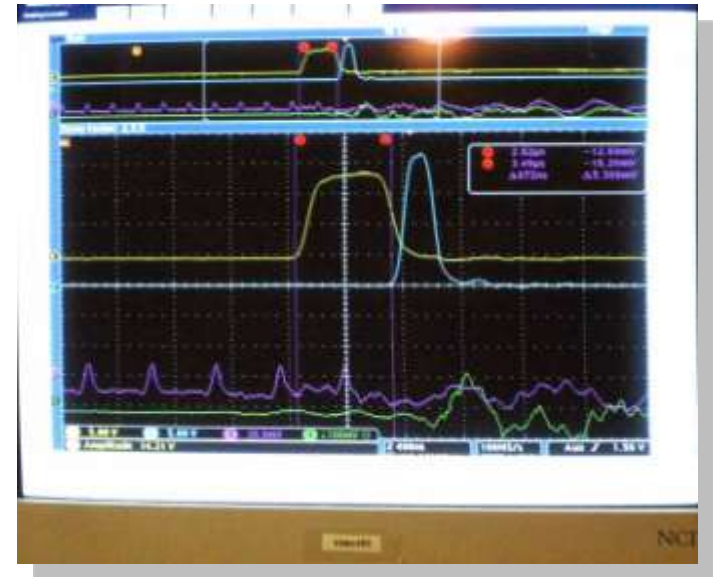
d – 19 mA,
40 μ s,
No
chopper



BTL I100-
U1.5, in-out
90%



U1.5: *d*, 16.7 – 448.6 MeV/u
Problems with RF capture
Low intensity < 10^{10} dpb (by the way, it is C-beam would-be intensity)
Frequent failures with transfer synchronization



U70: 8 of 40 RF cavities set back to factory defaults

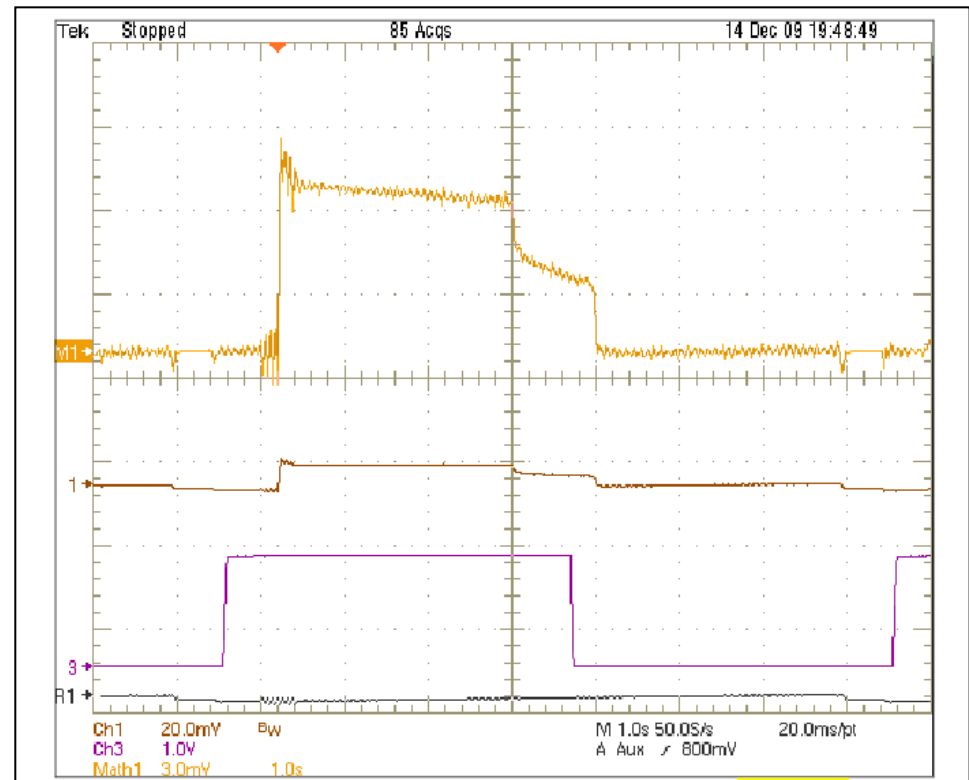
New digital MO

DC stand-alone PSU

Long lasting circulation of azimuthally uniform and **bunched** *d* beams

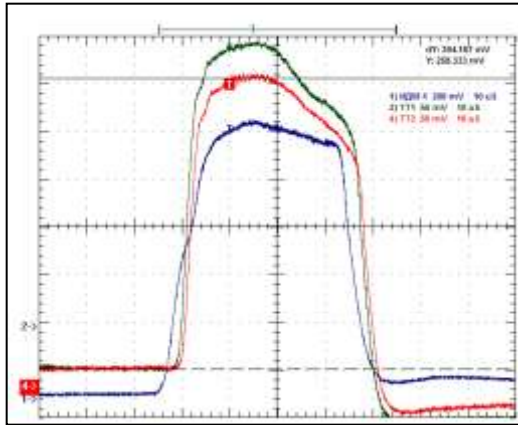
PHASOTRON FIXED-FIELD ACCELERATION OF DEUTERONS

RF +10 kHz (smoothly) whence +3.8 MeV per nucleon followed by beam loss at chamber outer wall

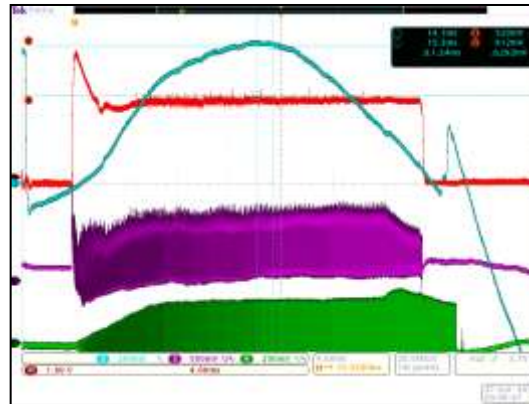


Run 2010-1

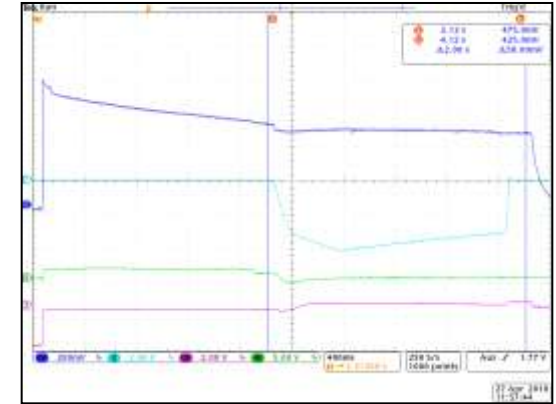
I100-U1.5-U70: Huge scope of preliminary work -- DDS MO, technological feedbacks (gain $\times 20$ & SNR), beam diagnostics (DCCT), transfer synch, pilot low-intensity p -bunch *with* $N = 10^{10}$, RF system in U1.5 etc



I100: 21 mA d pulsed
40 μ s 91% in-out in BTL



U1.5: from $1.4 \cdot 10^{11}$ to
 $8.6 \cdot 10^{10}$ dpb in-out



U70: from $4 \cdot 10^{10}$ to
 $2.5 \cdot 10^{10}$ dpb in-out
transition crossing

April 27, 2010 Deuterons were accelerated 23.6 GeV/u in the U70

Conclusion

Accelerator complex *U70* of IHEP-Protvino:

- important (POP) milestone of light-ion program in *U70* is accomplished
- *U70* is on a way towards routine acceleration of light-ions to 34 GeV per nucleon
- both *U1.5* and *U70* are now not only proton but (light-) ion synchrotrons as well
- plans for runs 2010-2 and 2011-1 foresee operation with C ions and tests of a slow extraction system on a flat-bottom DC *B*-field of *U70* (beam stretcher mode)
- light-ion program of IHEP-Protvino proceeds at a good pace