



Novosibirsk ERL Injector

Presented by **O.A. Shevchenko, BINP**

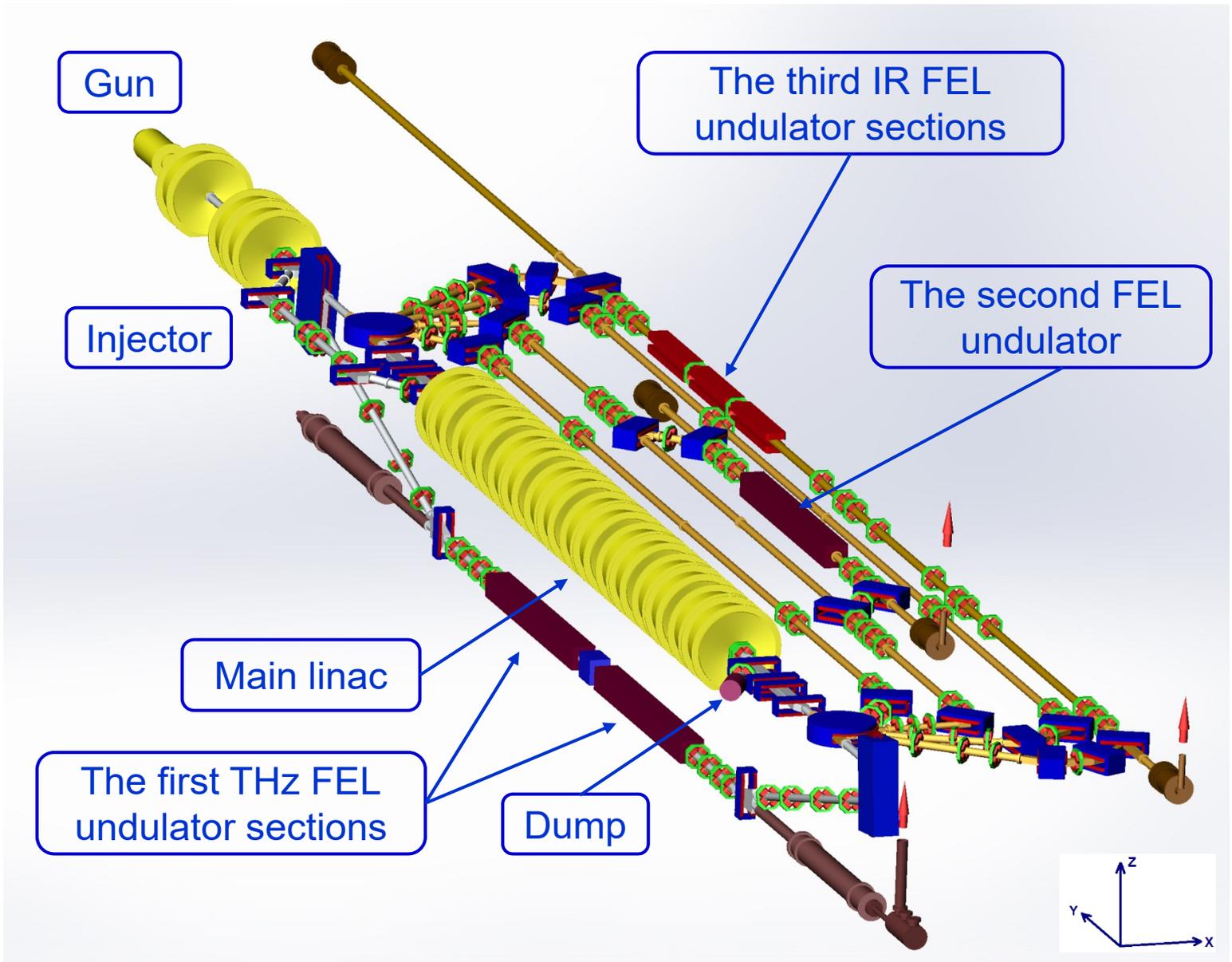


Outline

1. Requirements for the beam quality
2. Overview of the NovoFEL injector design
3. Beam dynamics simulation
4. Diagnostics and beam parameters measurement
5. Further development of the injection system
6. Summary

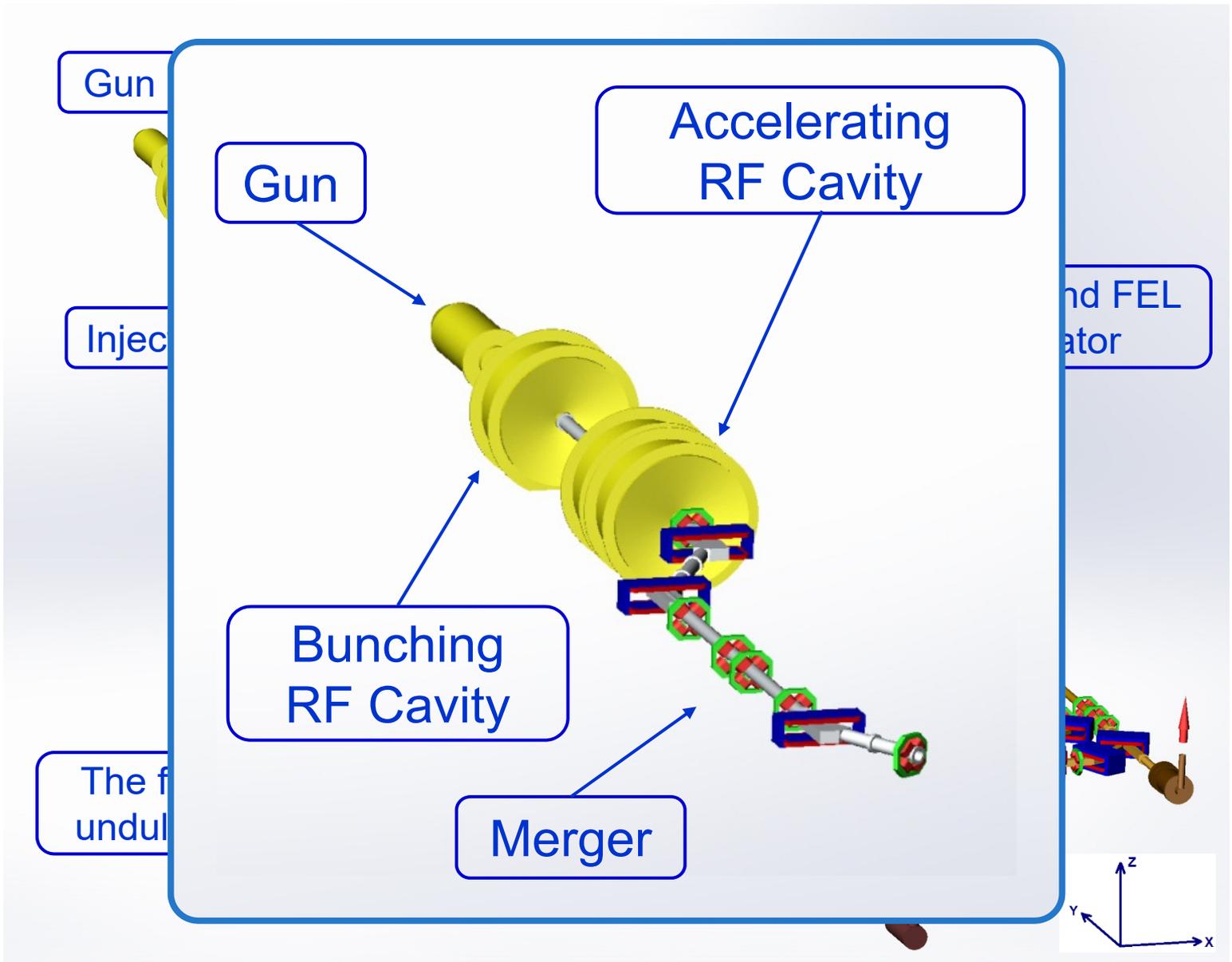
1.

NovoFEL Accelerator Layout



1.

NovoFEL Accelerator Layout



1.

Beam, undulator and radiation parameters

	1 st	2 nd	3 ^d
Wavelength, μm	90 - 240	37 - 80	7 - 15
Round trip frequency, MHz	5.64	7.52	3.76
Rayleigh range, m	5	2.3	6
Undulator period, cm	12	12	6
Number of periods	2 x 32	32	3 x 28
Deflection parameter, K	0.5 – 1.1	0.7 – 1.4	1.0 – 2.6
Undulator matched β , m	0.6 – 2.0	1.0 – 2.3	0.4 – 1.0
Energy , MeV	9.5 - 13.4	21 - 22.8	39 - 42
Peak current, A	10	30	50

1.

Requirements to the beam quality in FEL

- Energy spread:

$$\Delta E/E_0 < 1/(2\pi N_w)$$

- Normalized emittance:

$$\varepsilon_n < \lambda/(2\pi) \cdot \beta_w / L_w \cdot \gamma \quad (\text{angular spread})$$

$$\varepsilon_n < \lambda/(4\pi) \cdot \beta_{\text{opt}} / \beta_w \cdot \gamma \quad (\text{transverse size})$$

- Bunch duration

$$\tau > (2 N_w) \lambda/c \quad (\text{slippage})$$

- Bunch charge

$$Q \sim \tau \cdot I_{\text{peak}}$$

- Average current

$$I_{\text{aver}} = Q \cdot f_{\text{opt}}$$

1.

Requirements to the beam quality in FEL

- Energy spread:

$$\Delta E/E_0 < 1/(2\pi N_w)$$

- Normalized emittance:

$$\varepsilon_n < \lambda/(4\pi) \cdot \gamma \quad (\text{in optimal case})$$

- Bunch duration

$$\tau > (2 N_w) \lambda/c \quad (\text{slippage})$$

- Bunch charge

$$Q \sim \tau \cdot I_{\text{peak}}$$

- Average current

$$I_{\text{aver}} = Q \cdot f_{\text{opt}}$$

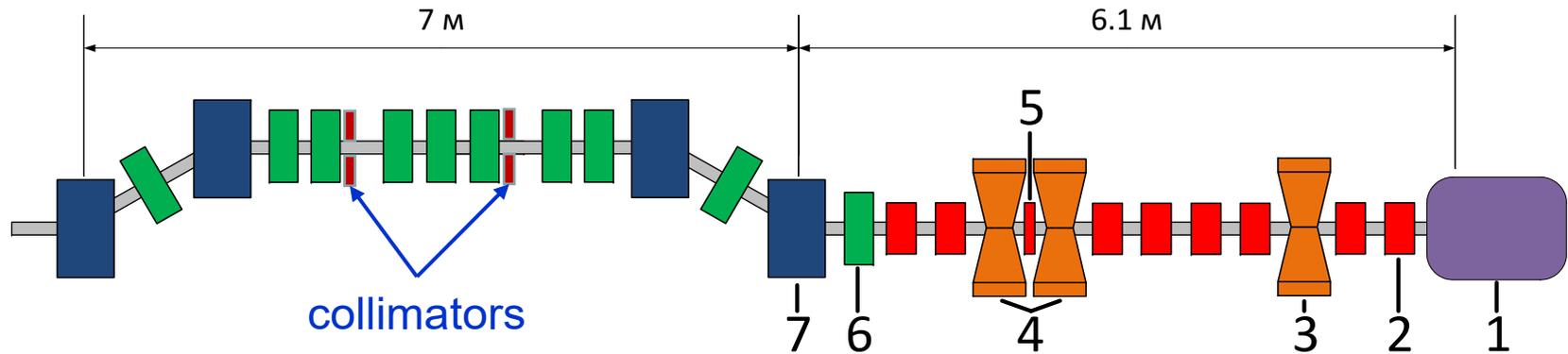
1.

Requirements to the beam quality in FEL

	1 st	2 nd	3 ^d
Energy spread ΔE , keV	< 25	< 100	< 75
Normalized emittance, μm	< 150	< 100	< 35
Bunch duration, ps	> 120	> 16	> 13
Bunch charge, nQ	> 1.0	> 0.5	> 0.6
Average current, mA	~ 7	~ 3.5	~ 3

2.

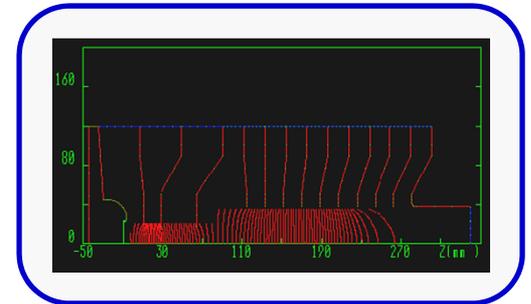
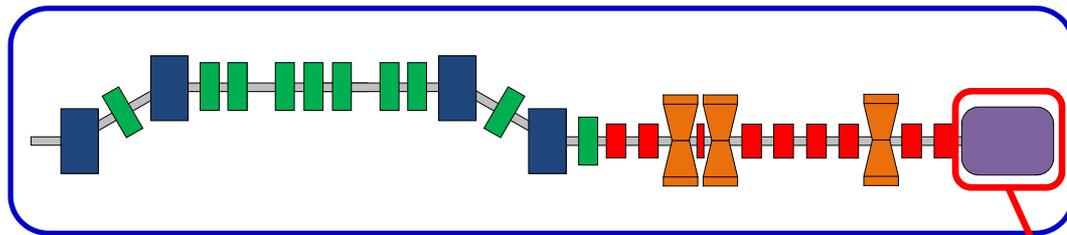
Injector Layout



- 1 — electron gun
- 2 — electromagnetic solenoids
- 3 — bunching cavity
- 4 — accelerating cavities
- 5 — permanent magnet solenoid
- 6 — quadrupoles
- 7 — merger bending magnet

2.

Electrostatic Gun

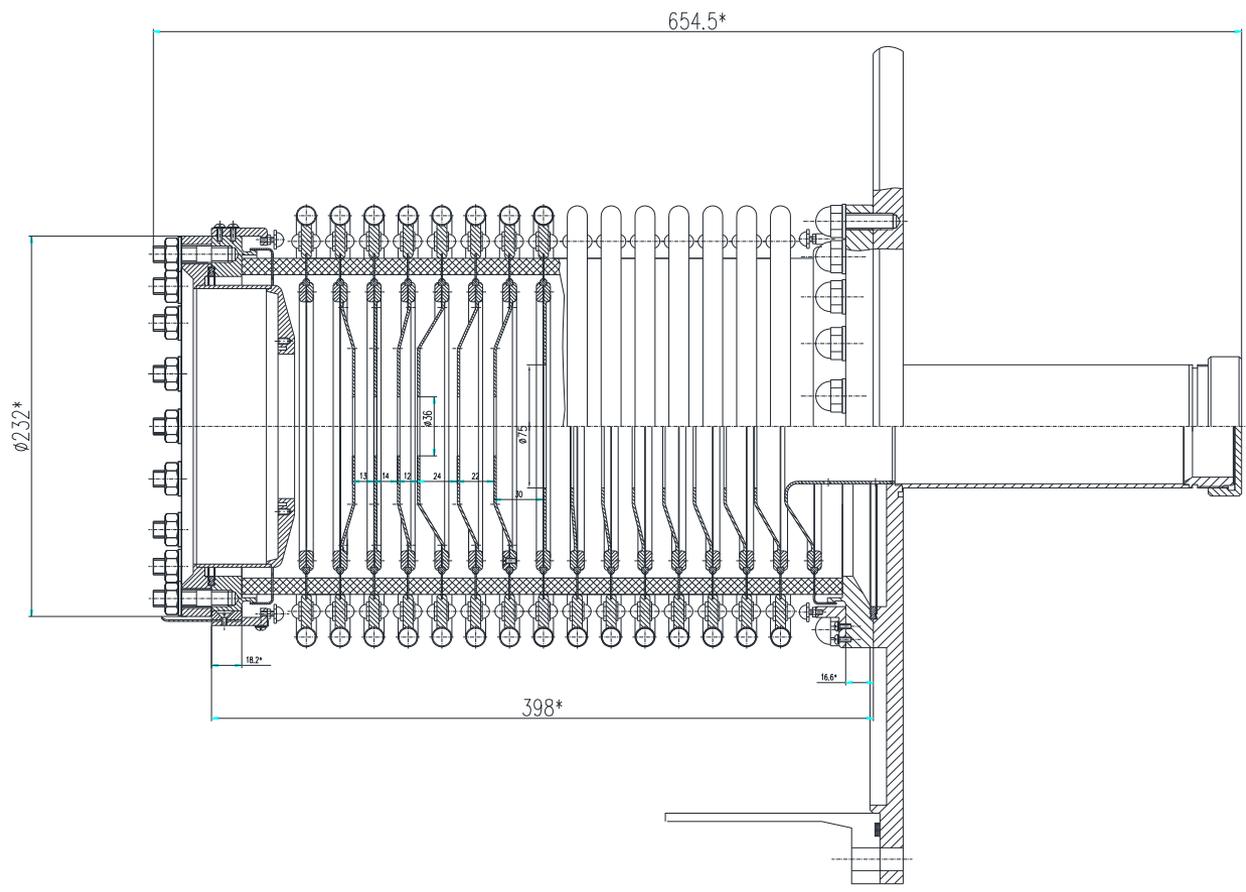


Power supply:
 $U_{\max} = 300 \text{ kV}$
 $I_{\max} = 50 \text{ mA}$



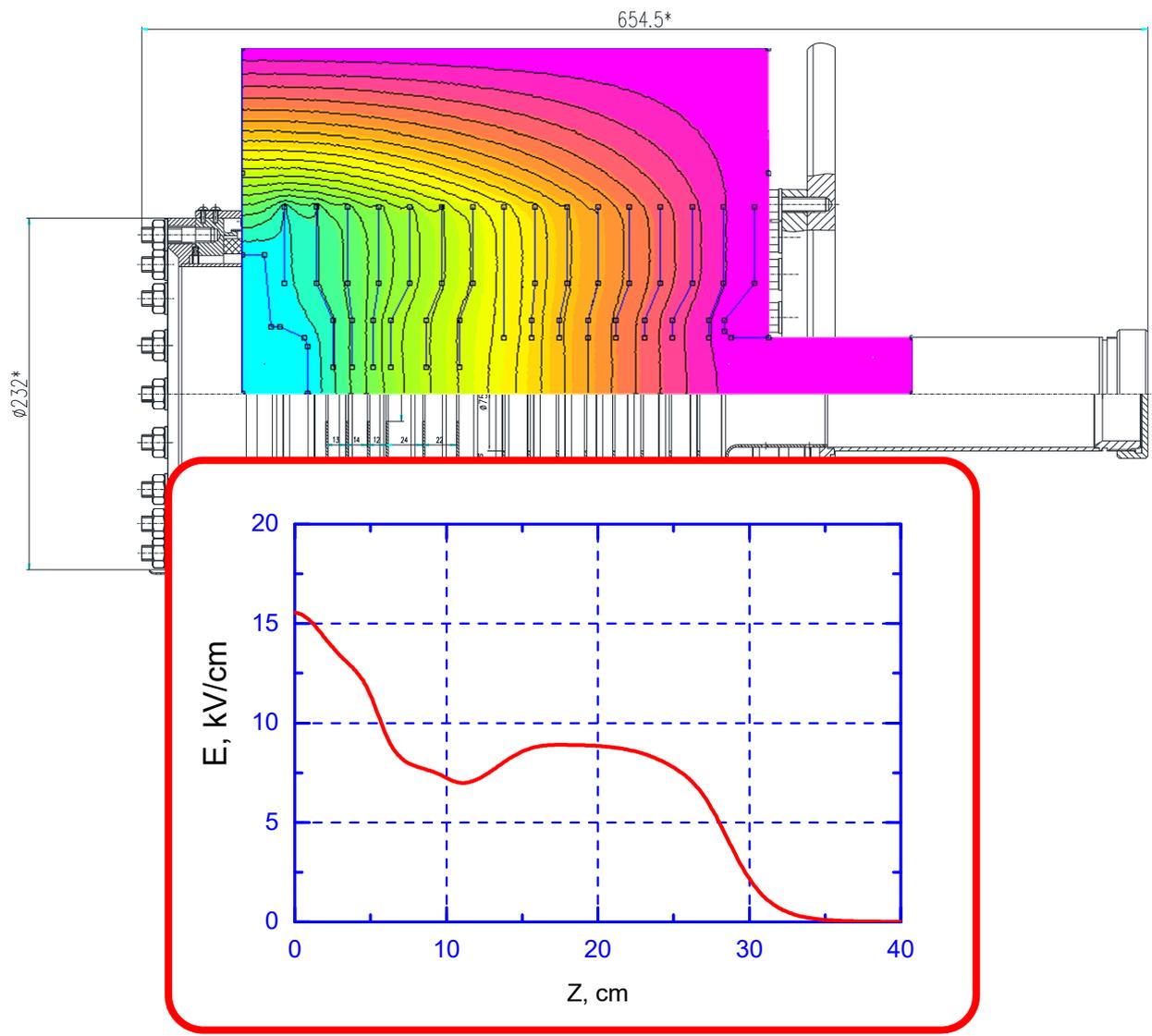
2.

Gun Accelerating Tube



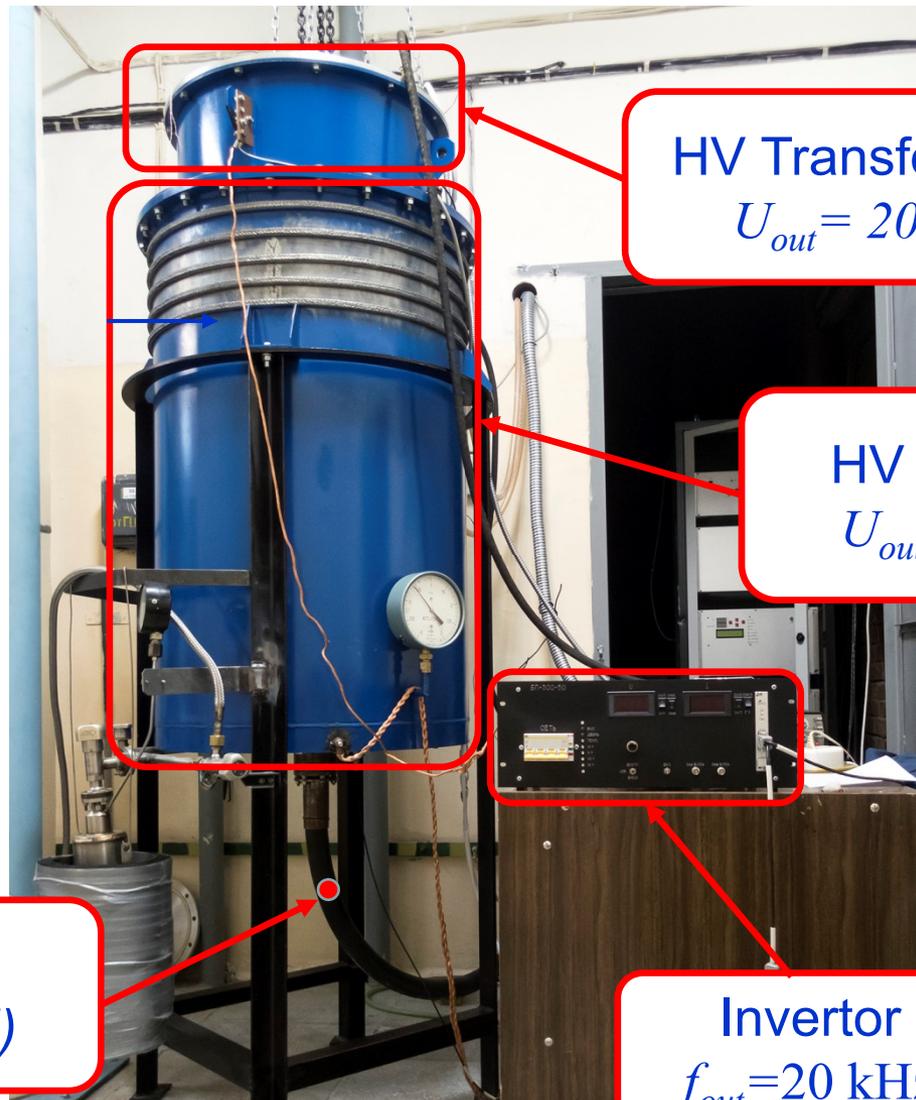
2.

Gun Accelerating Tube



2.

Gun Power Supply



HV Transformer

$$U_{out} = 20 \text{ kV}$$

HV Multiplier

$$U_{out} = 300 \text{ kV}$$

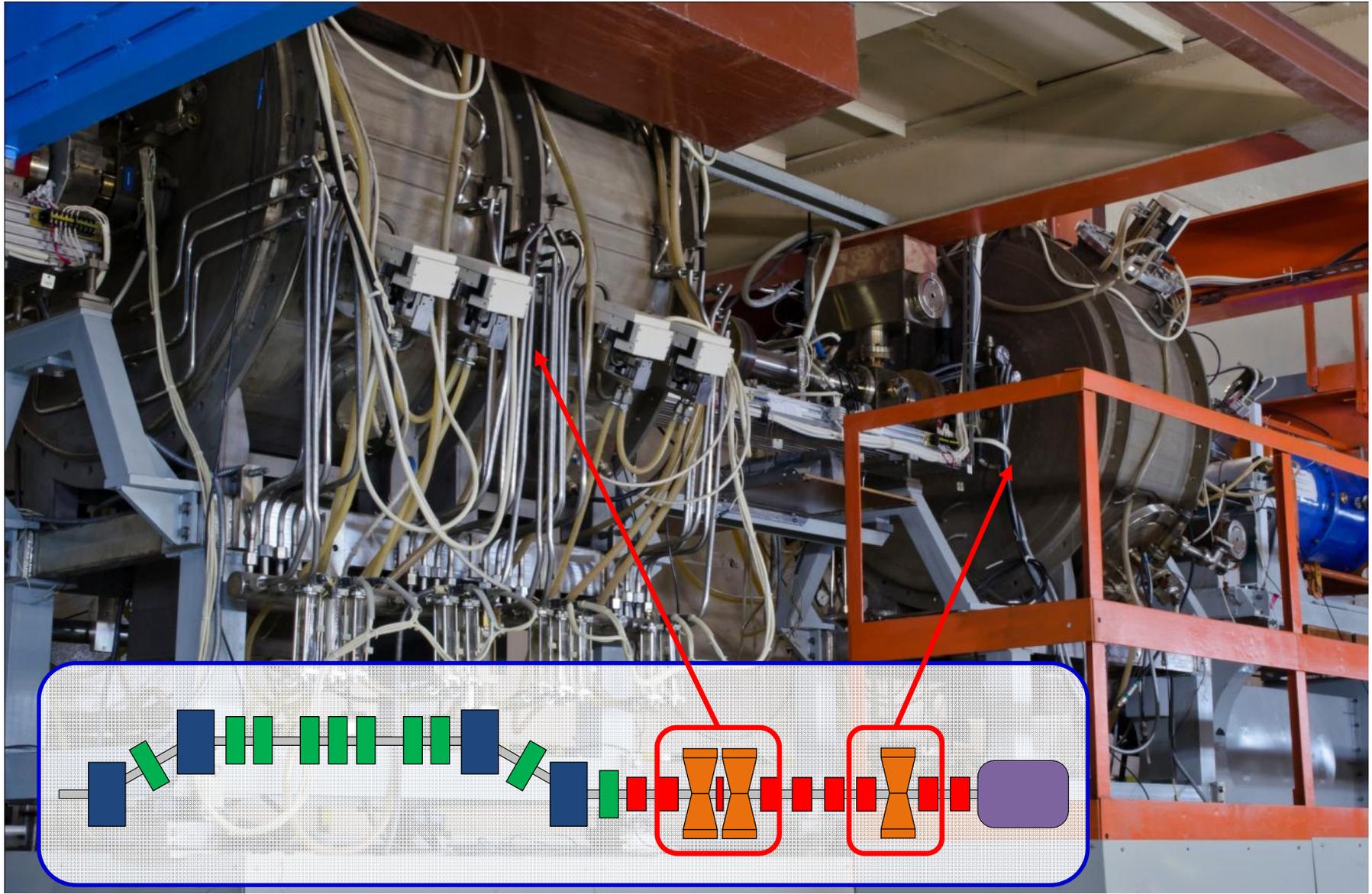
HV Cable
(to the GUN)

Inverter

$$f_{out} = 20 \text{ kHz}$$

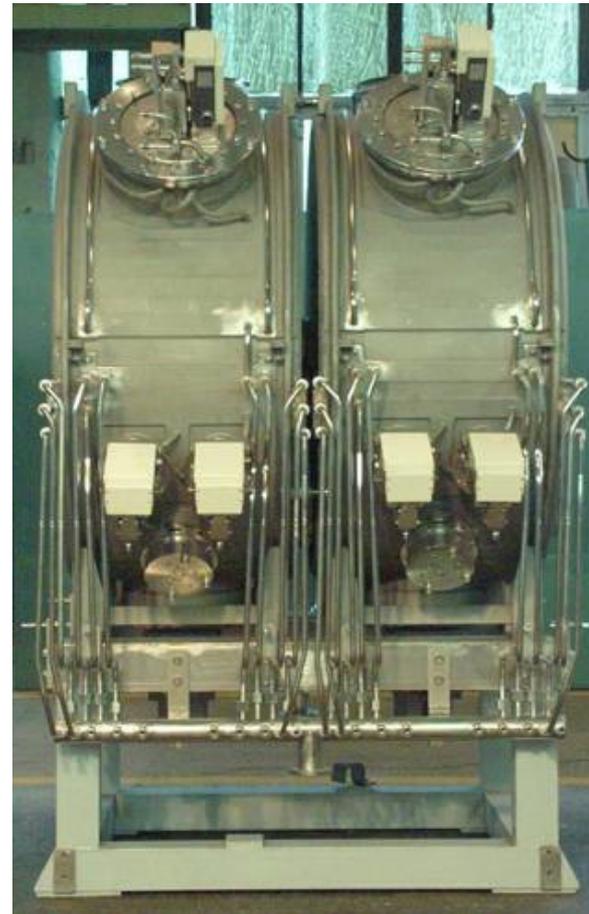
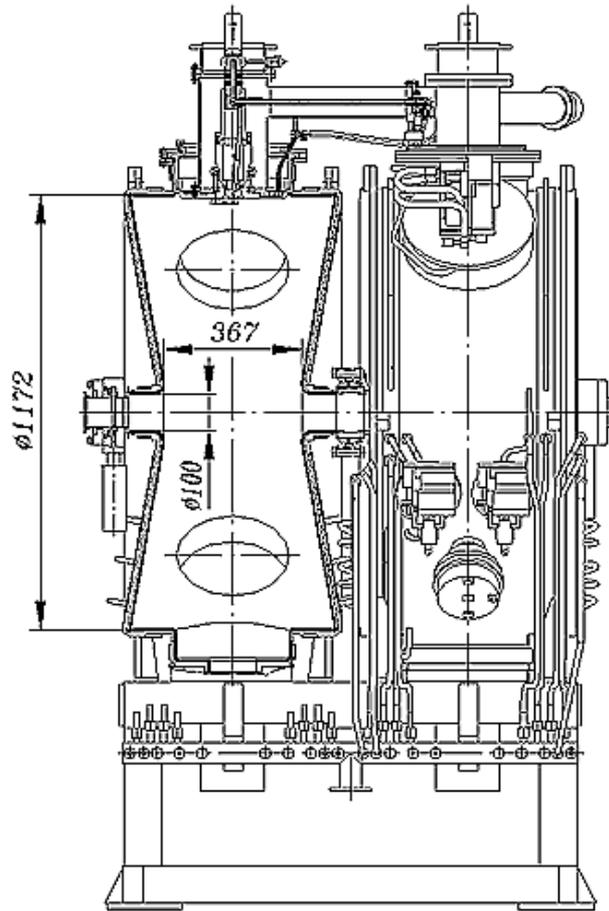
2.

Injector RF System

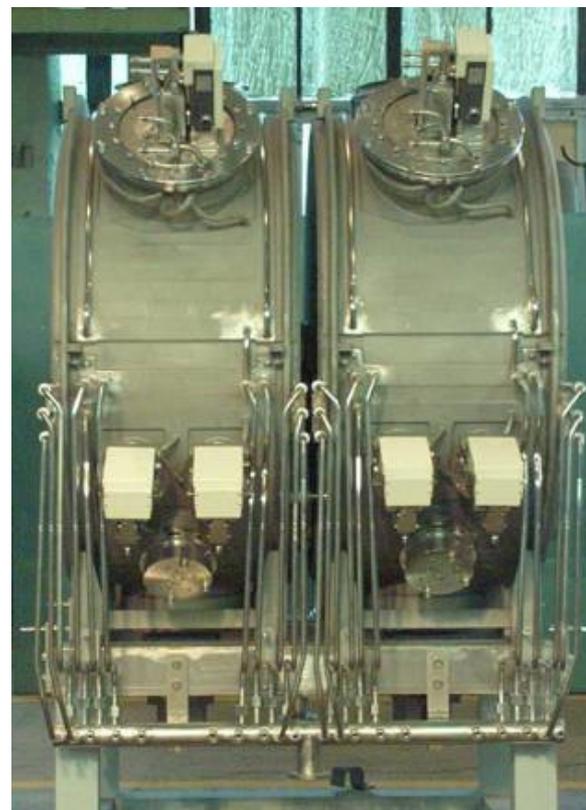
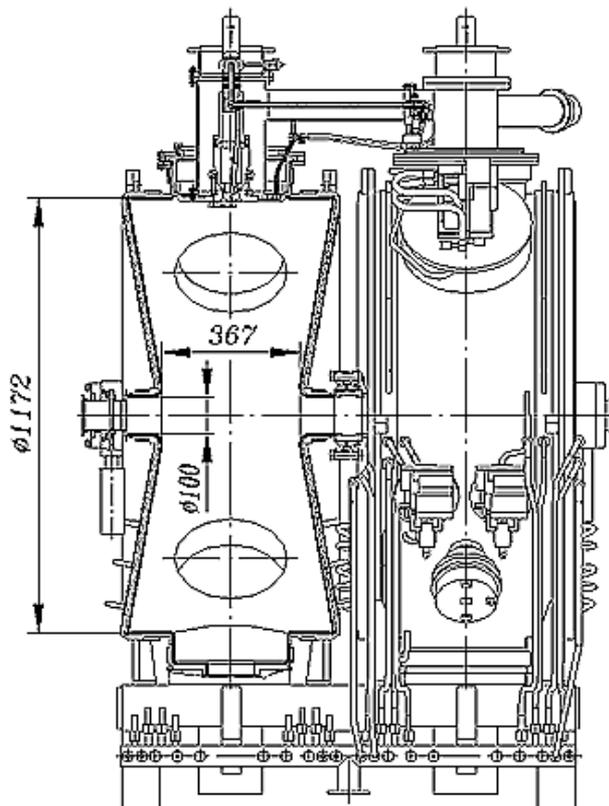


2.

Injector RF System



Injector RF System



$$f_0 = 180 \text{ MHz}, \quad \Delta f_0 = 320 \text{ kHz}, \quad U_{\text{max}} = 950 \text{ kV},$$

$$U_{\text{eff}} = 850 \text{ kV}, \quad P_{\text{dis}} = 85 \text{ kW}$$

2.

RF Power Supplies

Bunching cavity



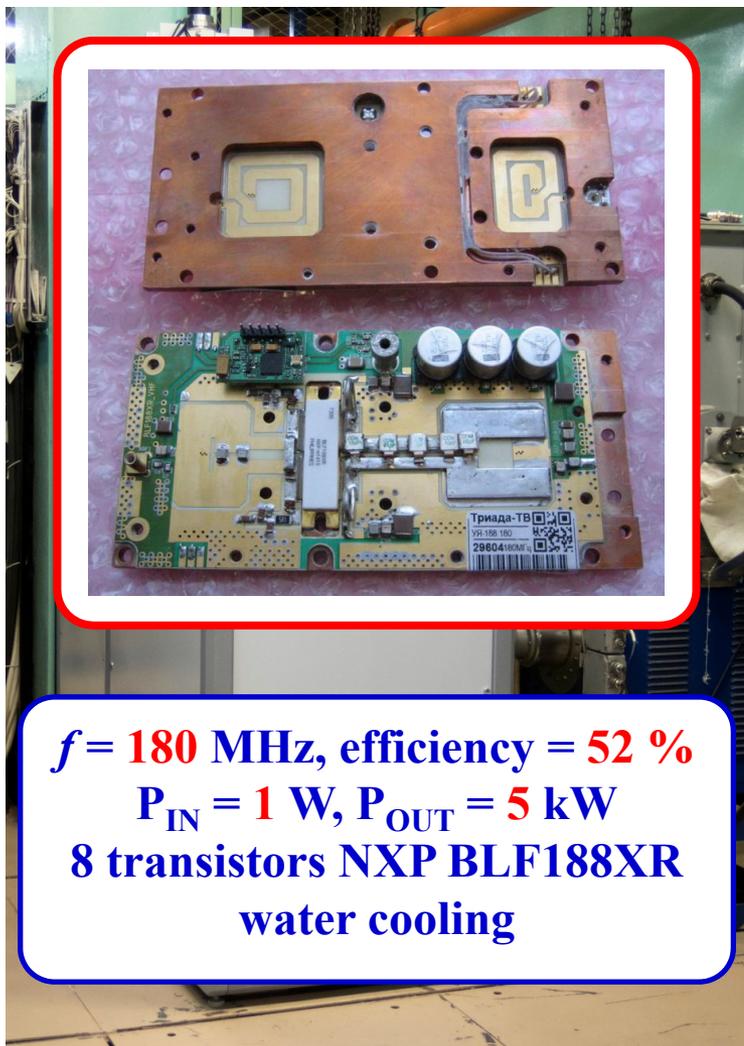
Accelerating cavity



2.

RF Power Supplies

Bunching cavity



$f = 180$ MHz, efficiency = 52 %
 $P_{IN} = 1$ W, $P_{OUT} = 5$ kW
8 transistors NXP BLF188XR
water cooling

Accelerating cavity

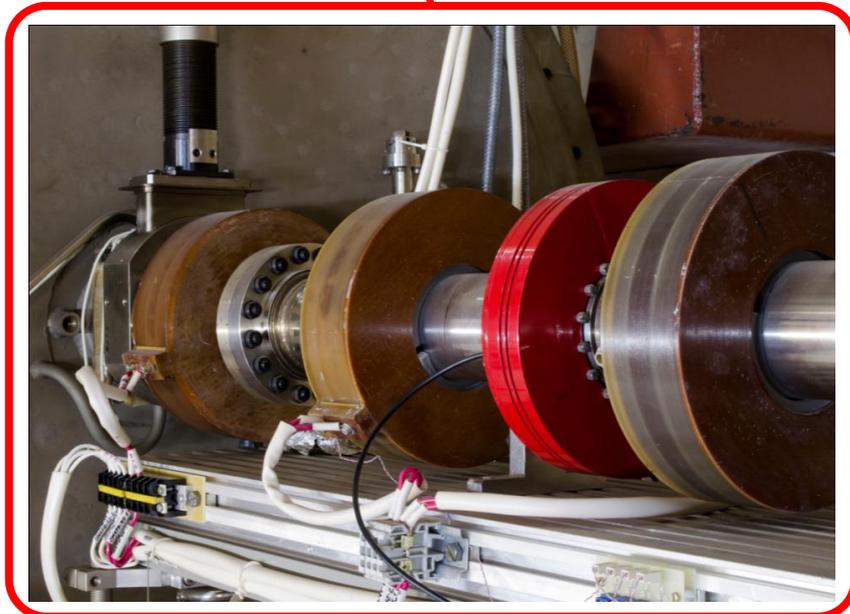
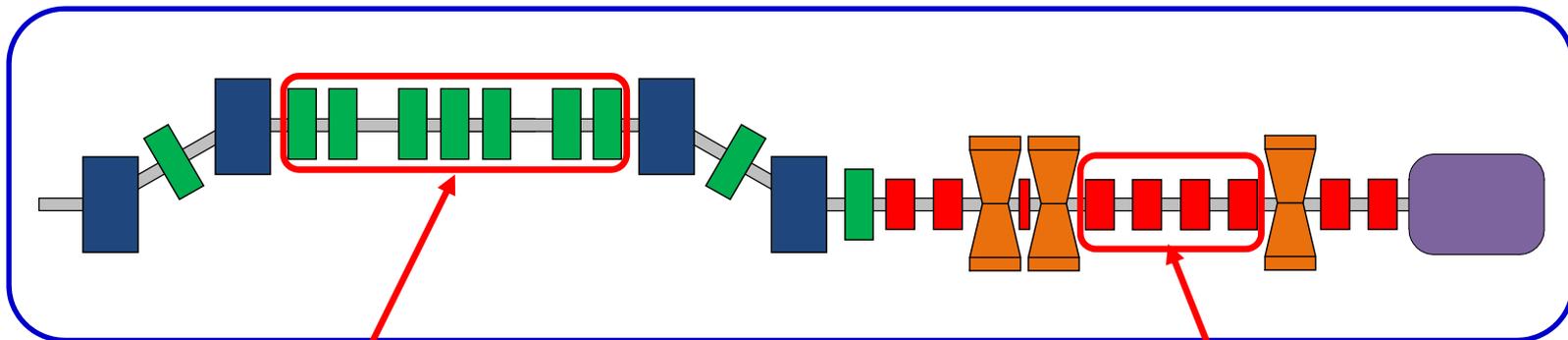


$f = 180$ MHz
 $P_{OUT} = 12$ kW
16 transistors

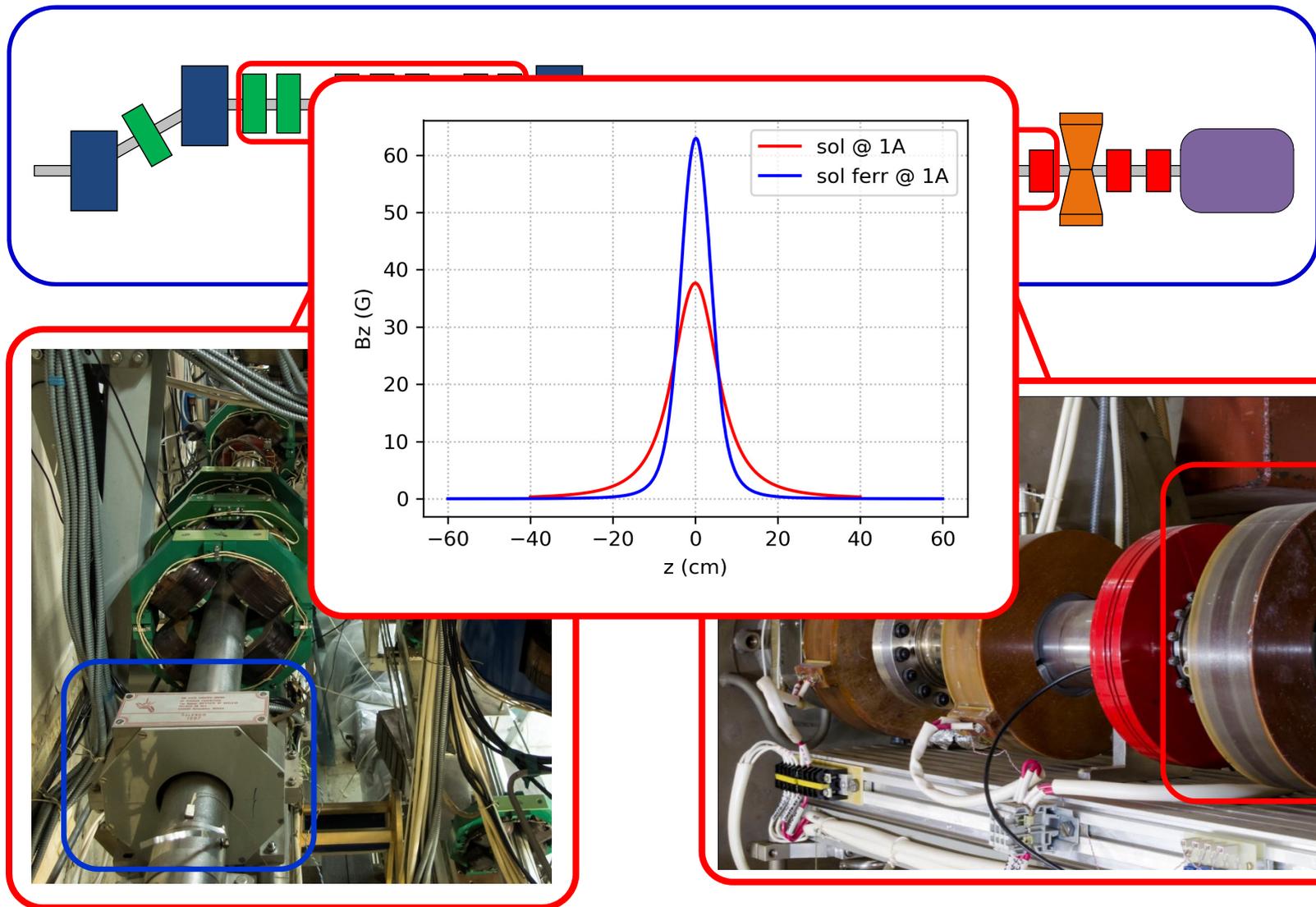
$f = 180$ MHz $P_{OUT} = 85$ kW

2.

Focusing Elements

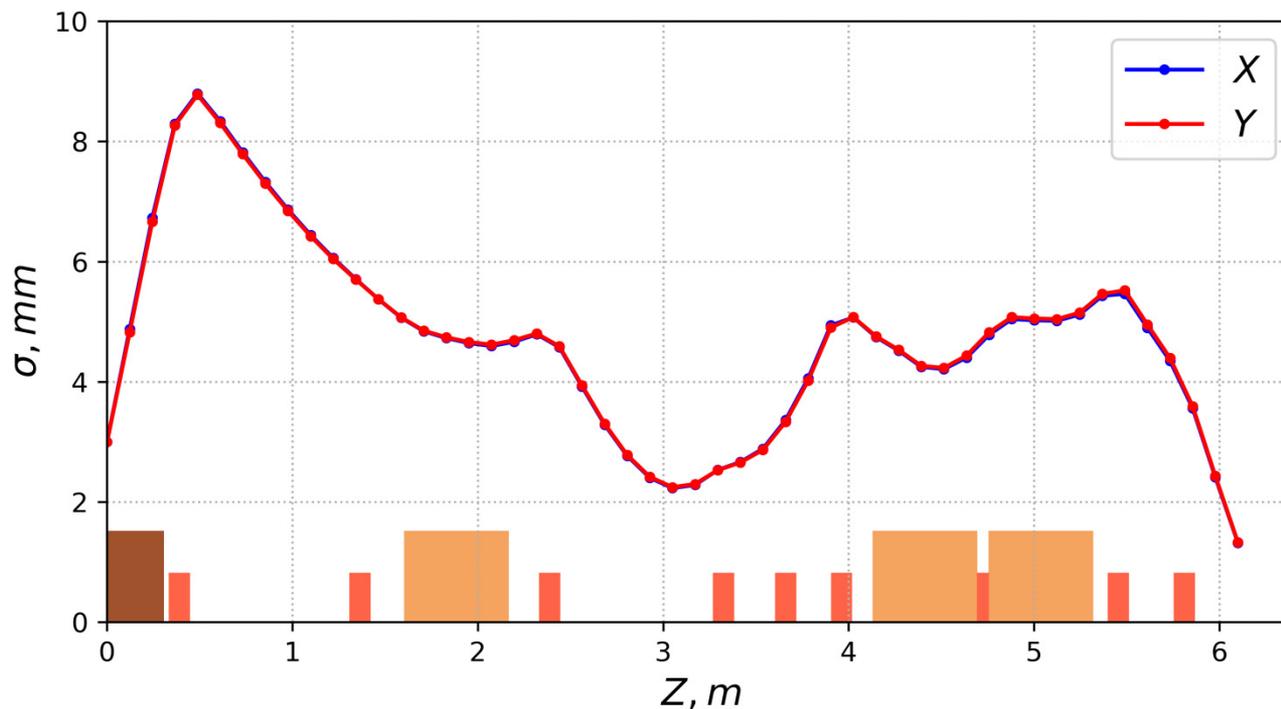


Focusing Elements



3.

Beam Transverse Dynamics



Gun

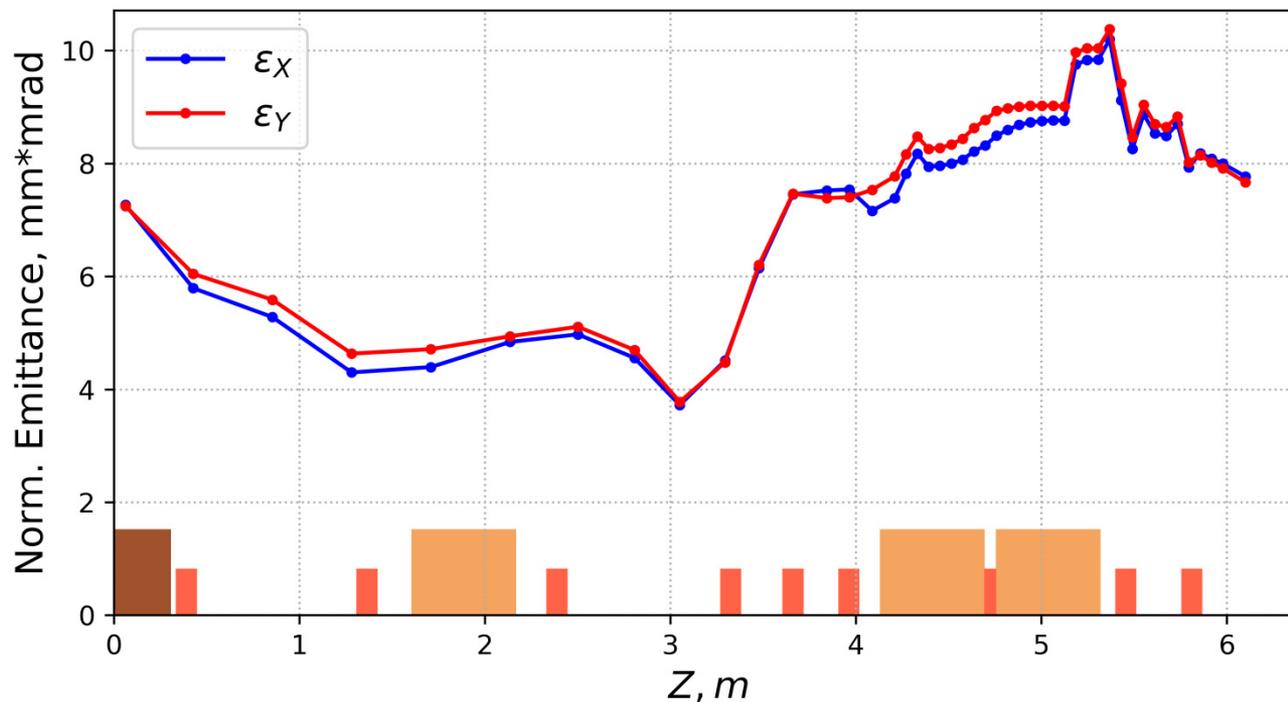
Bunching RF

Accelerating RF

Transverse rms beam size

3.

Beam Transverse Dynamics



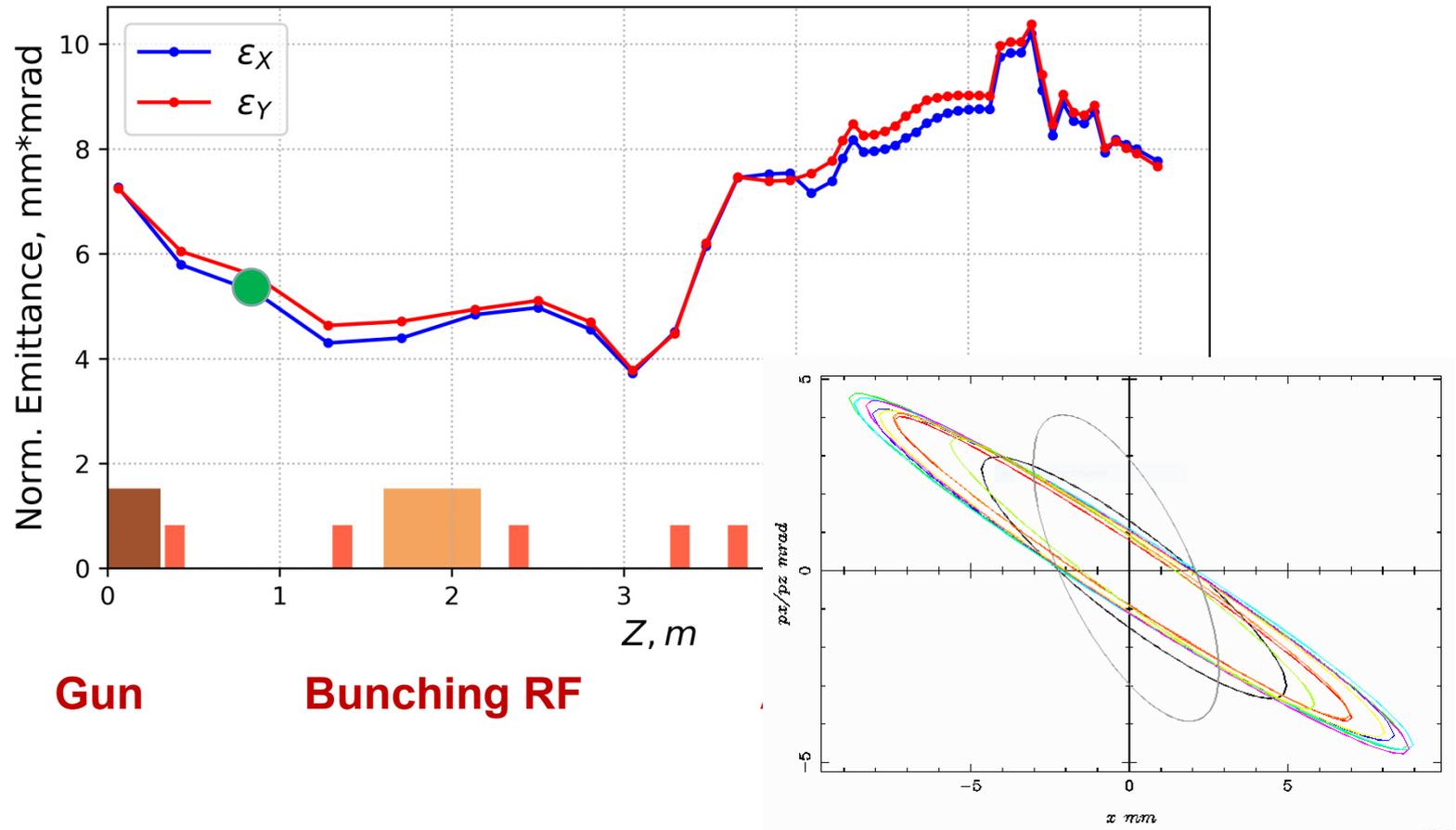
Gun

Bunching RF

Accelerating RF

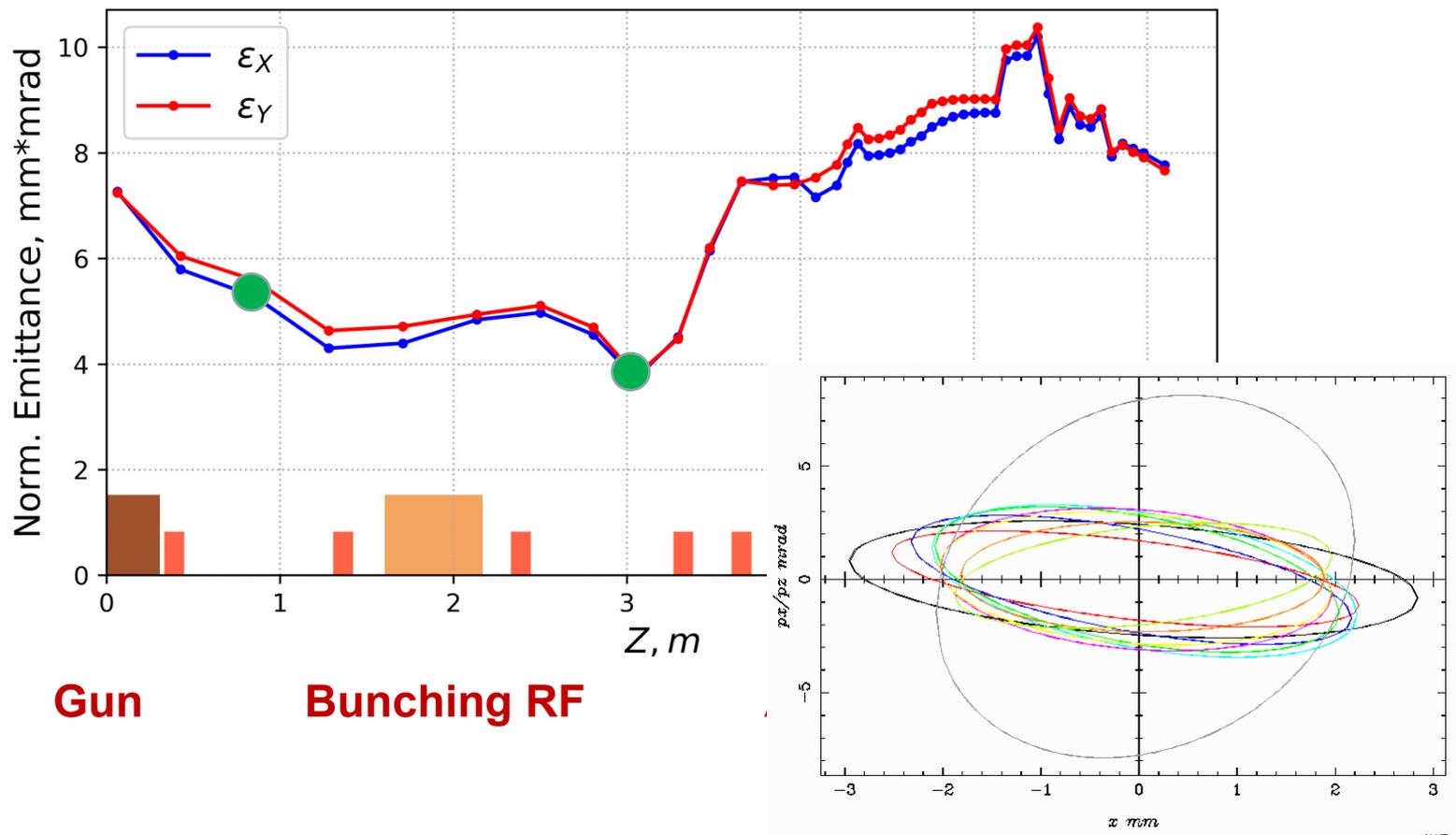
Normalized projected rms emittance

Beam Transverse Dynamics



Normalized projected rms emittance

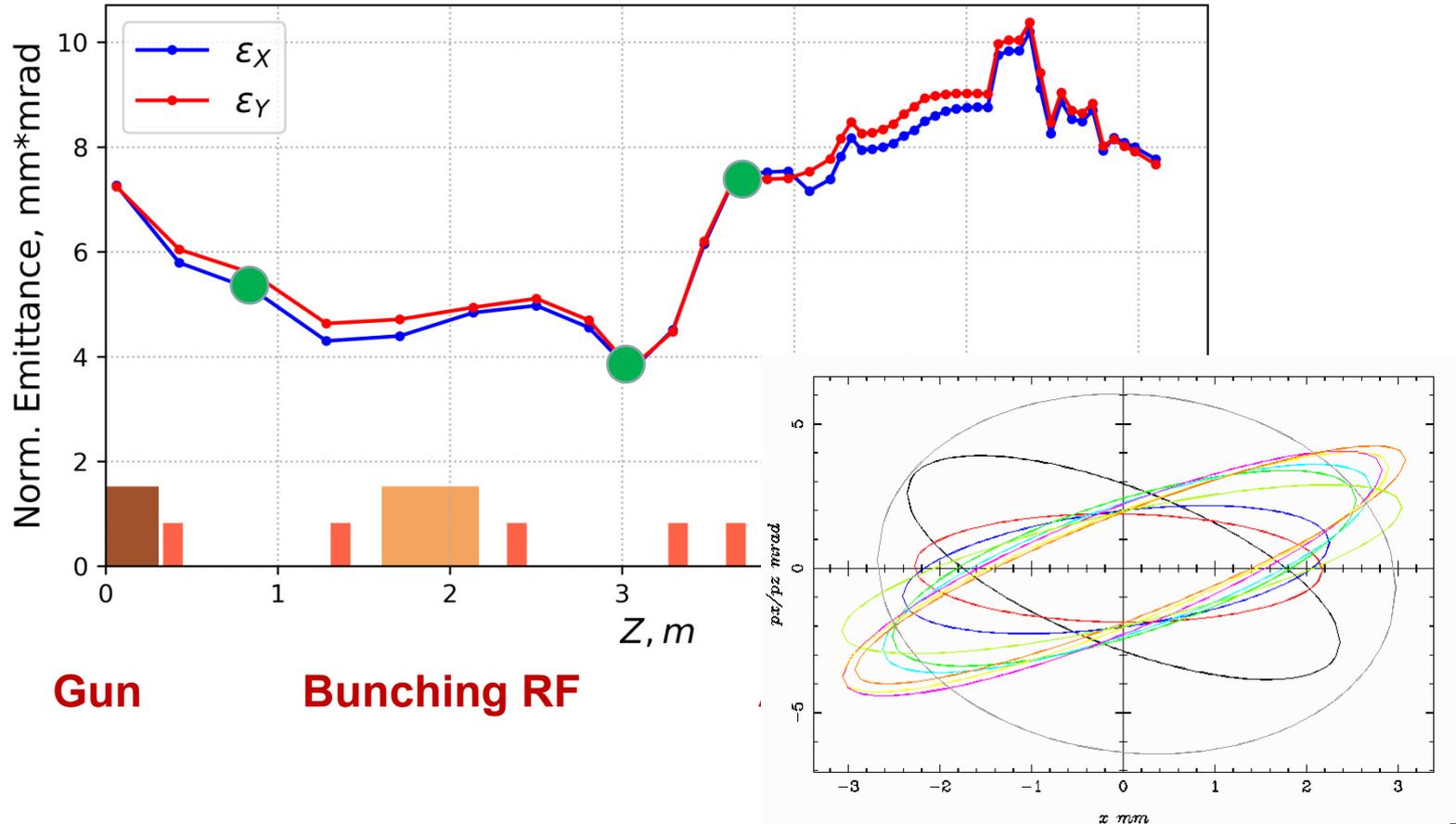
Beam Transverse Dynamics



Normalized projected rms emittance

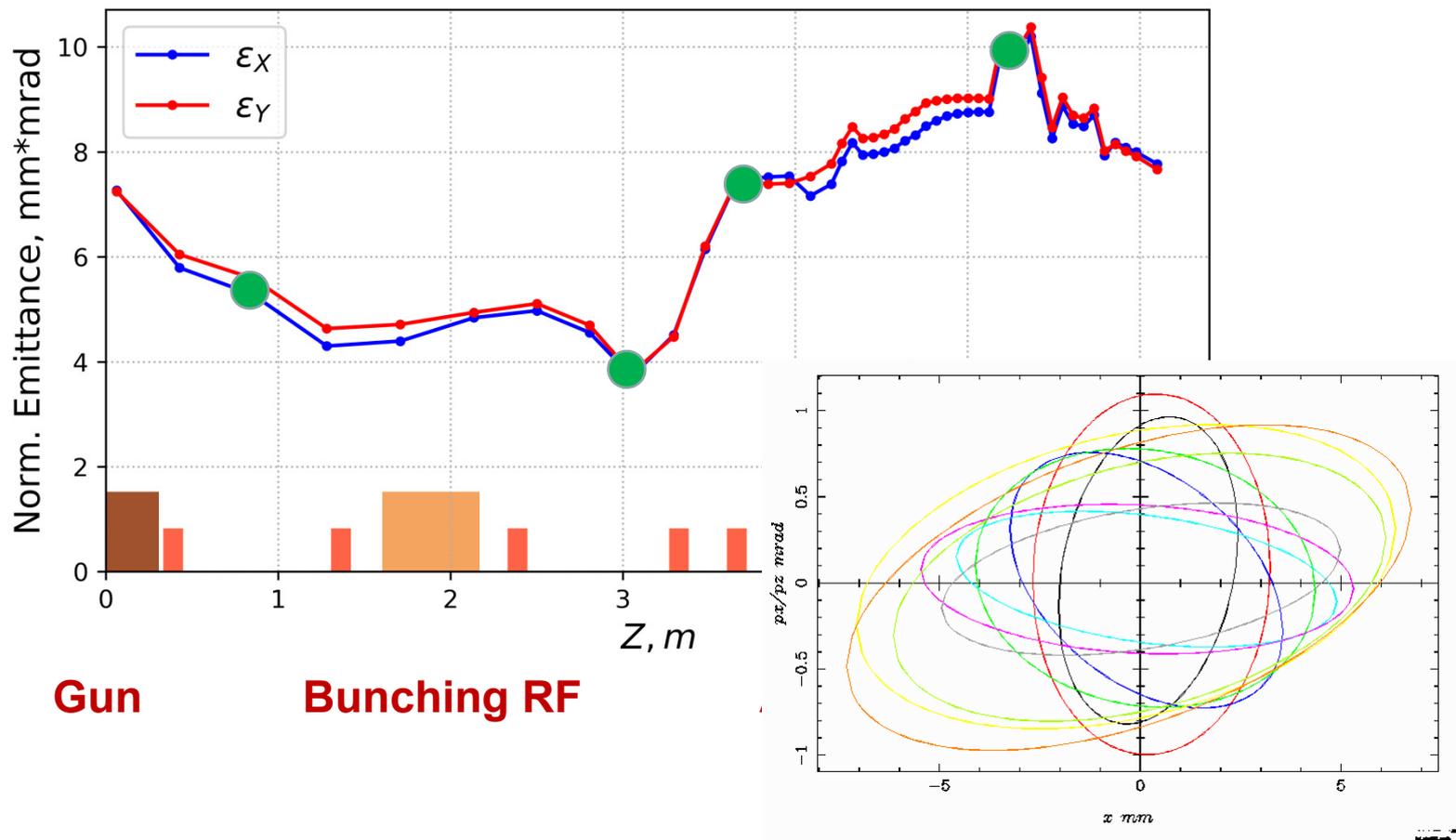
3.

Beam Transverse Dynamics



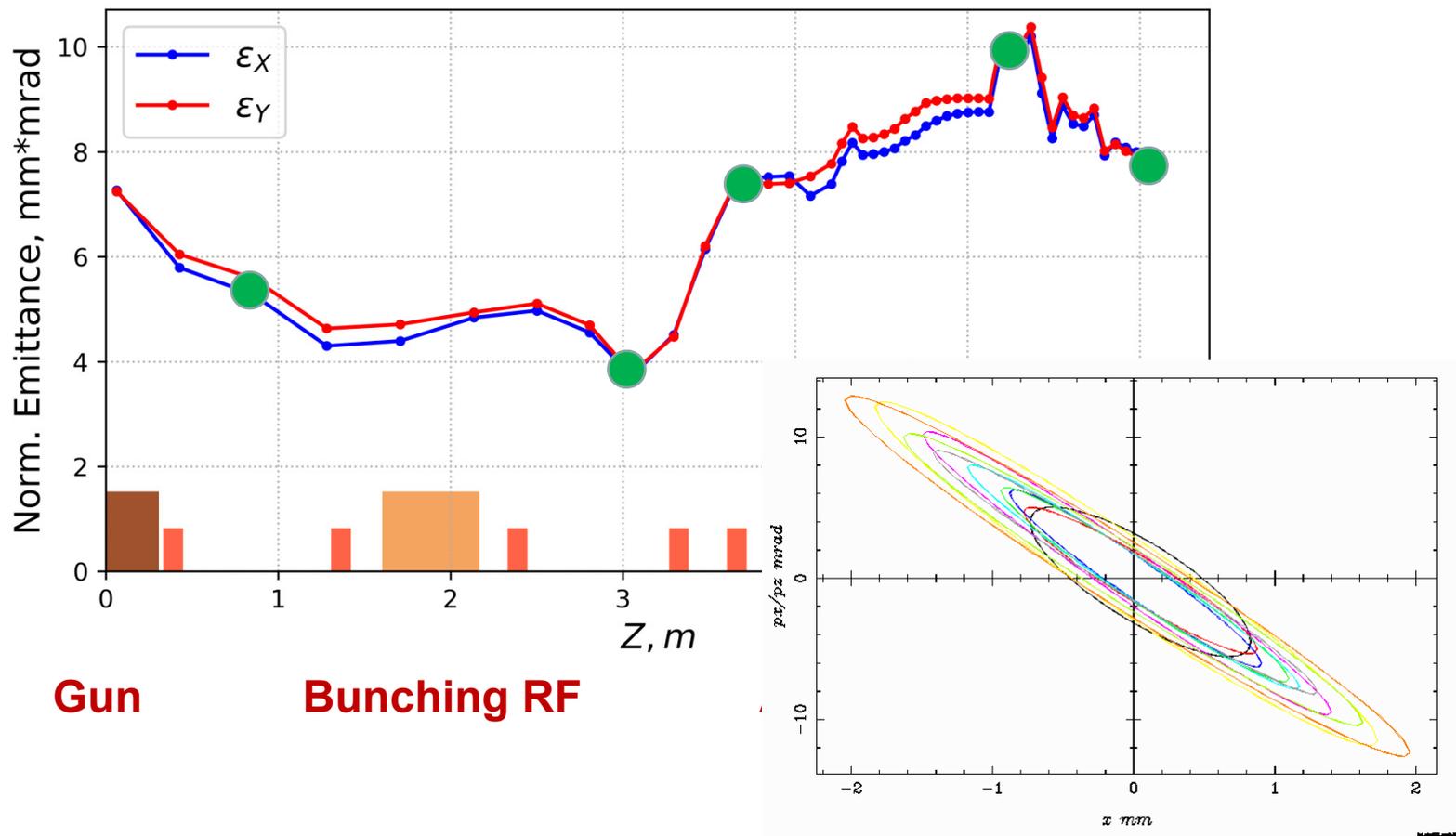
Normalized projected rms emittance

Beam Transverse Dynamics



Normalized projected rms emittance

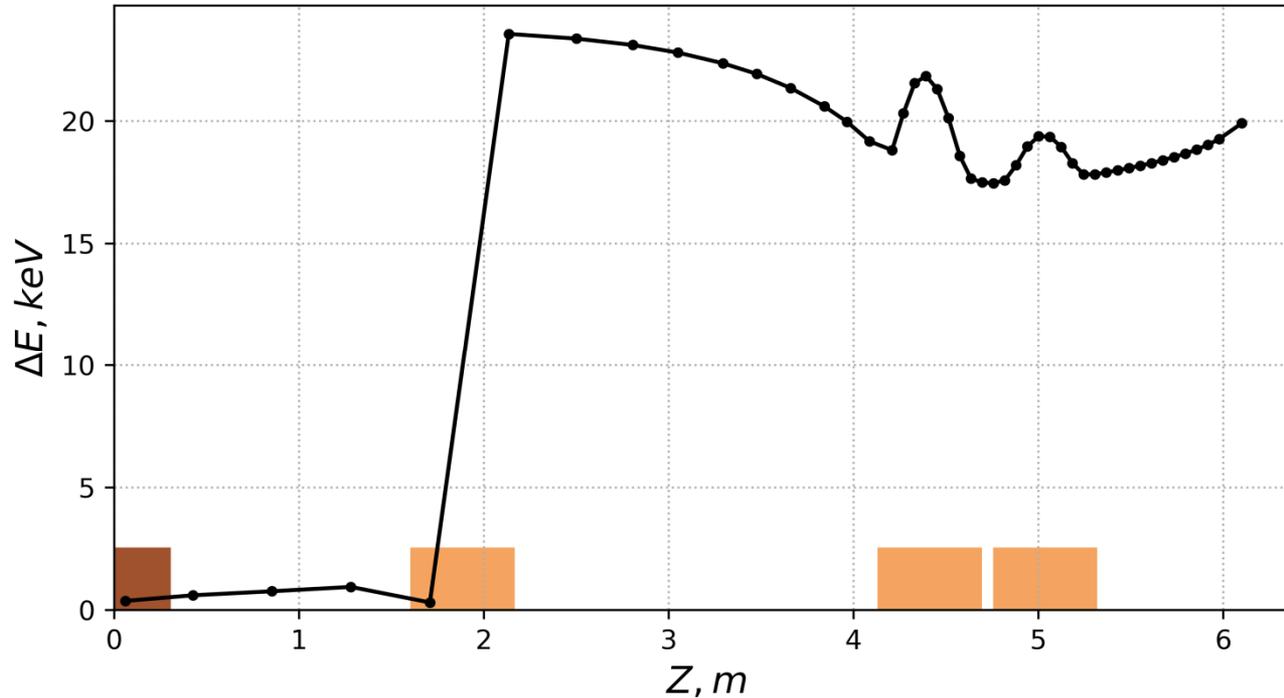
Beam Transverse Dynamics



Normalized projected rms emittance

3.

Beam Longitudinal Dynamics



Gun

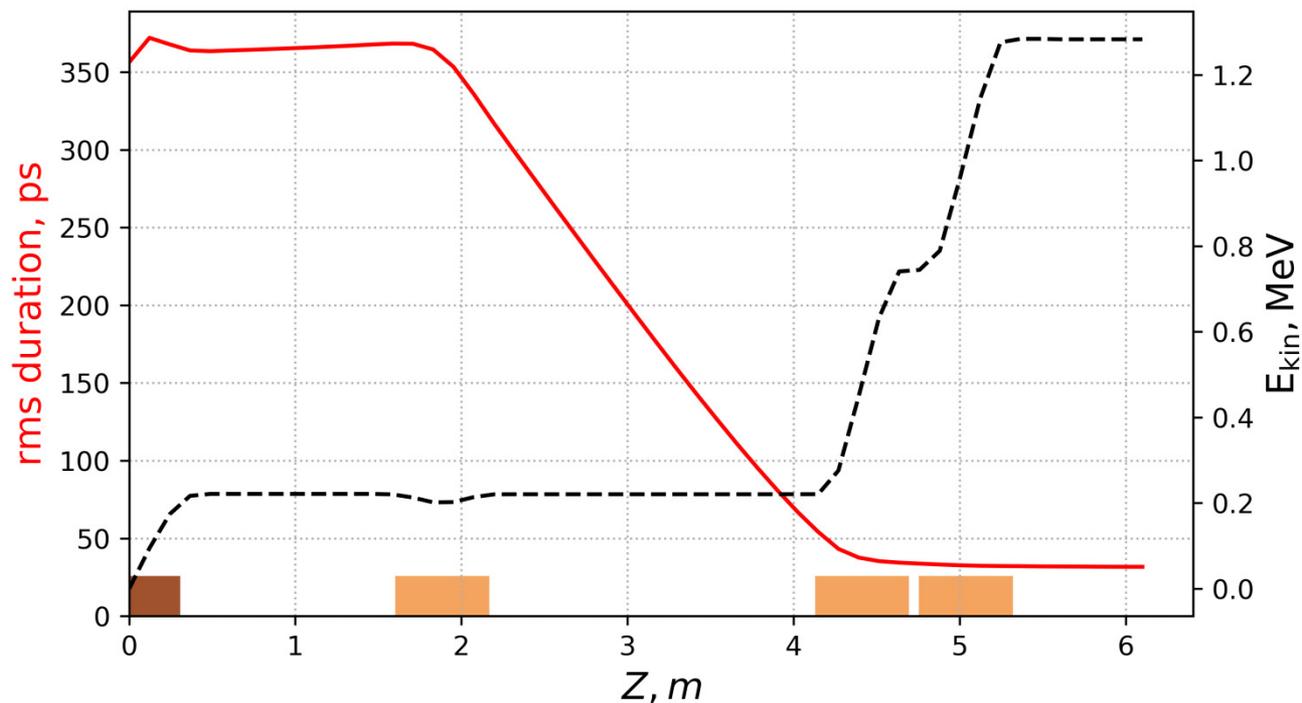
Bunching RF

Accelerating RF

Projected rms energy spread

3.

Beam Longitudinal Dynamics



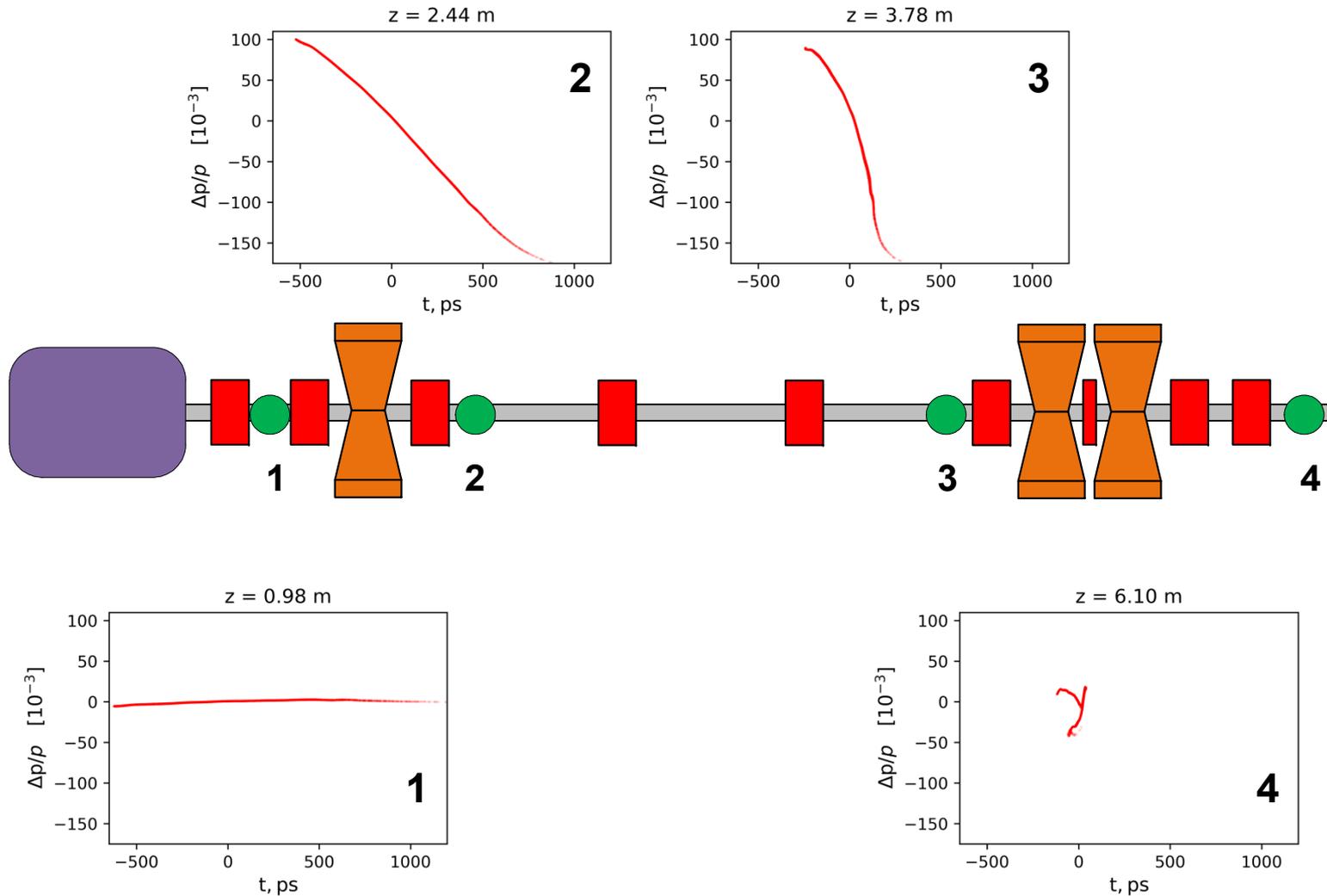
Gun

Bunching RF

Accelerating RF

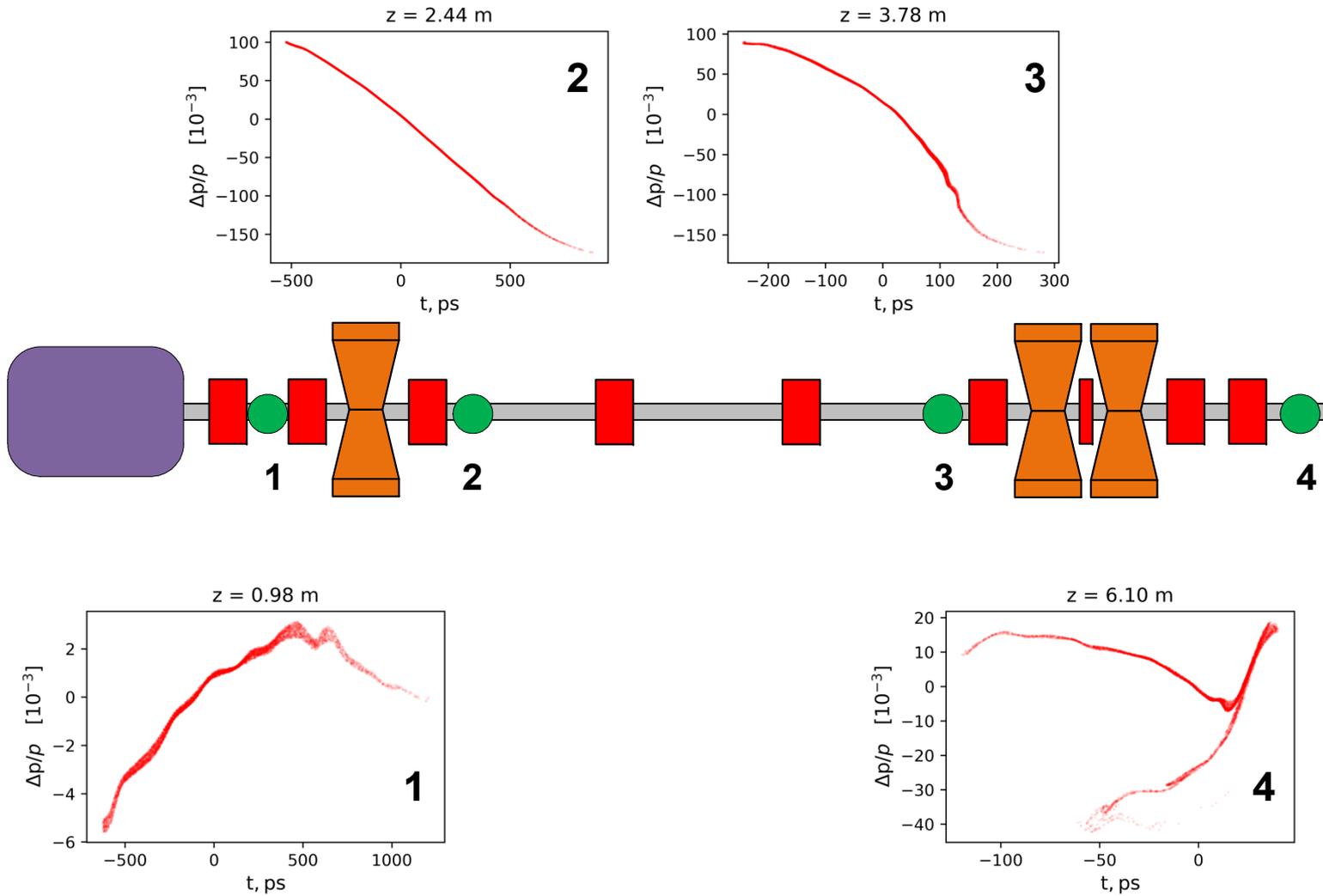
Bunch rms duration and energy gain

Beam Longitudinal Dynamics

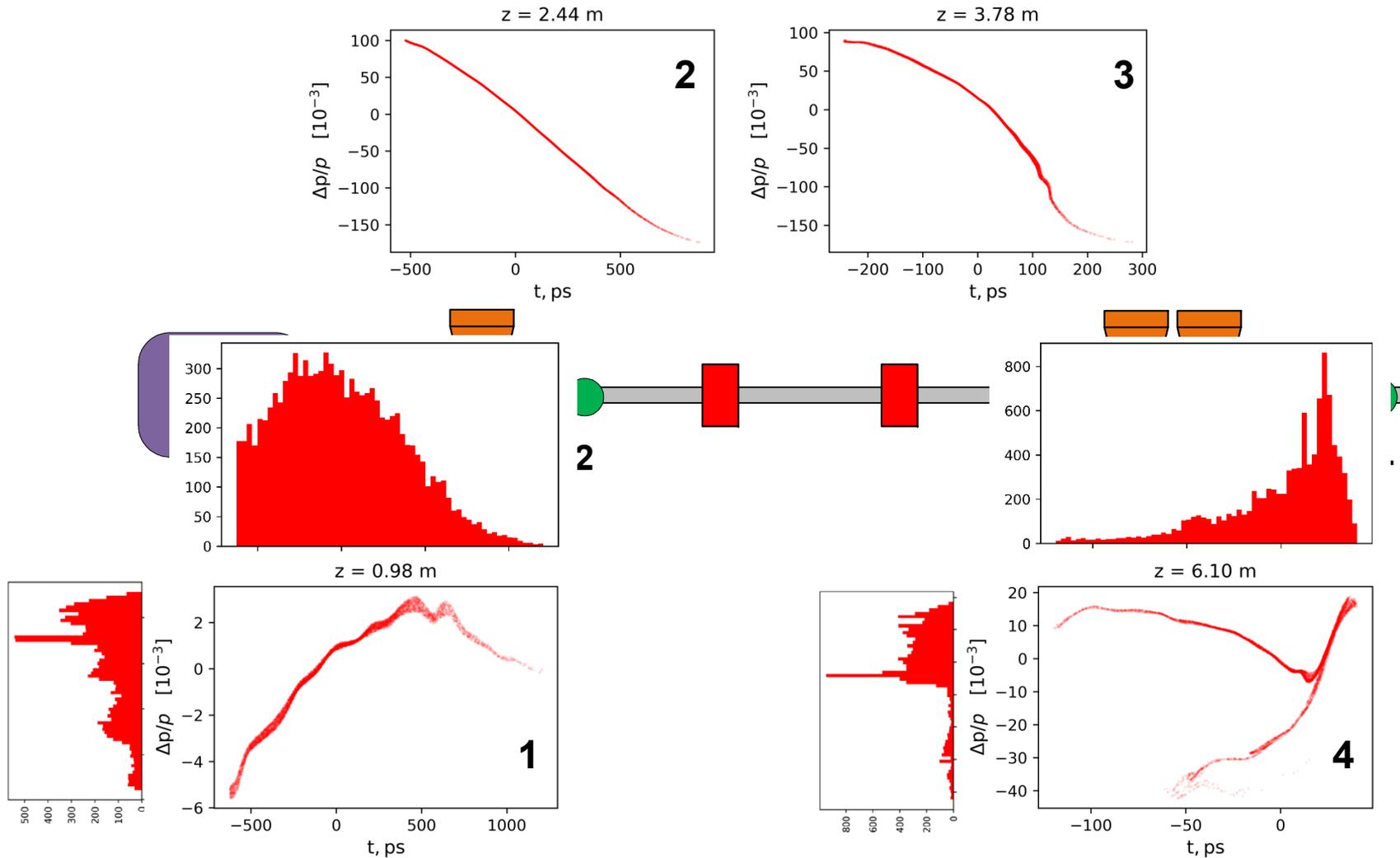


3.

Beam Longitudinal Dynamics



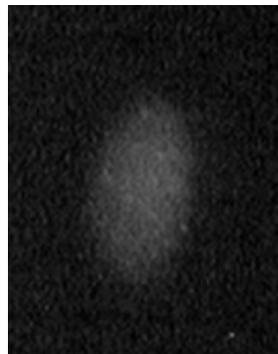
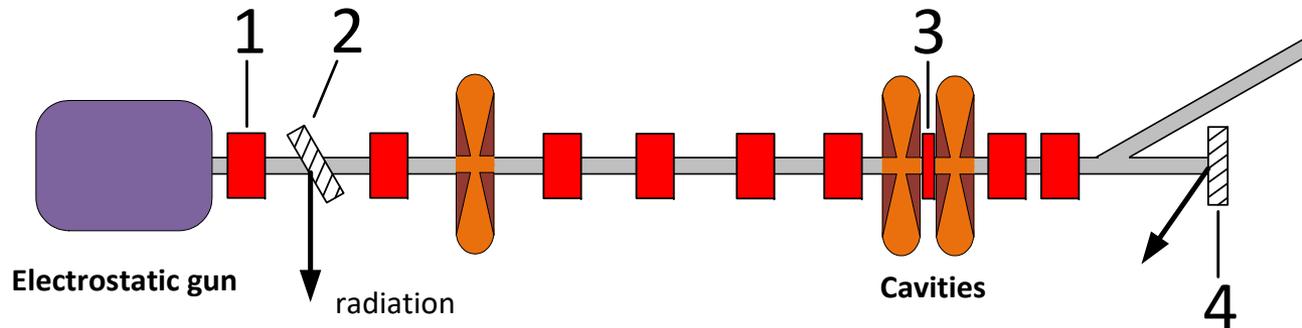
Beam Longitudinal Dynamics



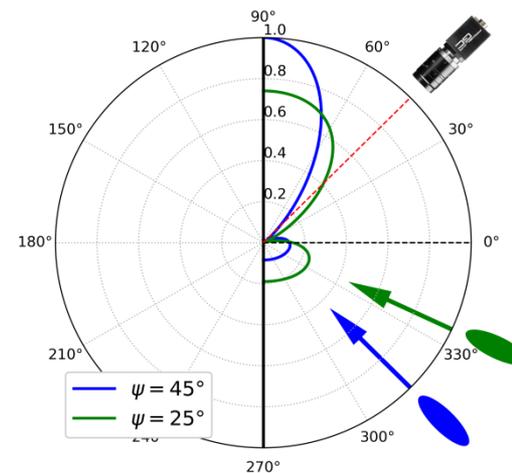
Summary of Simulation Results

Normalized emittance, μm	7.7
Slice emittance, μm	5
Beta function, m	0.75
Bunch duration (rms), ps	31.7
Energy, MeV	1.79
Energy spread (rms), keV	20.6

Beam Parameters Measurement

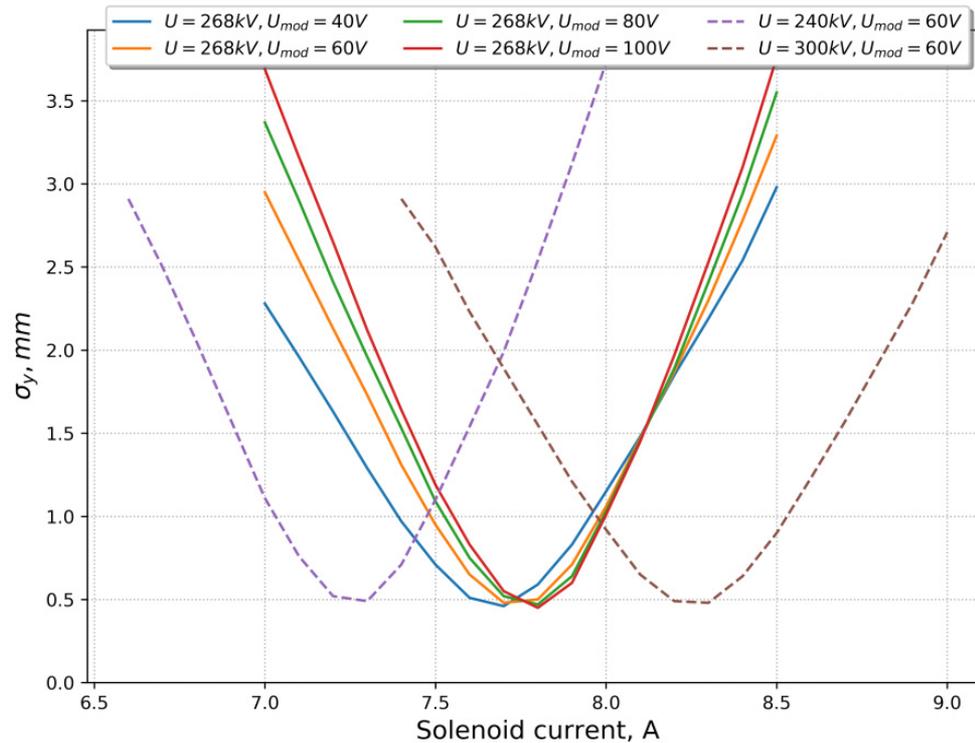


1 – solenoid
2 – screen



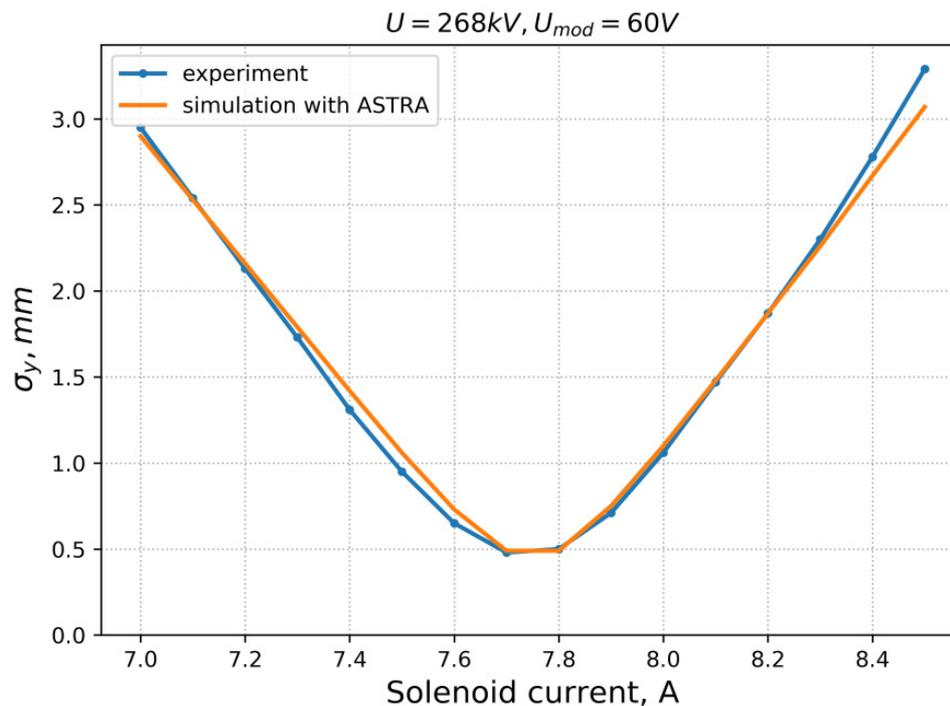
OTR radiation pattern, $E_{kin} = 300$ keV

Beam Parameters Measurement



Dependence of the beam size on solenoid current for different gun voltages U and different bunch charges (U_{mod})

Beam Parameters Measurement



Comparison of measurement and simulation results

$$\epsilon_{\text{norm}} = 19 \mu\text{m}$$

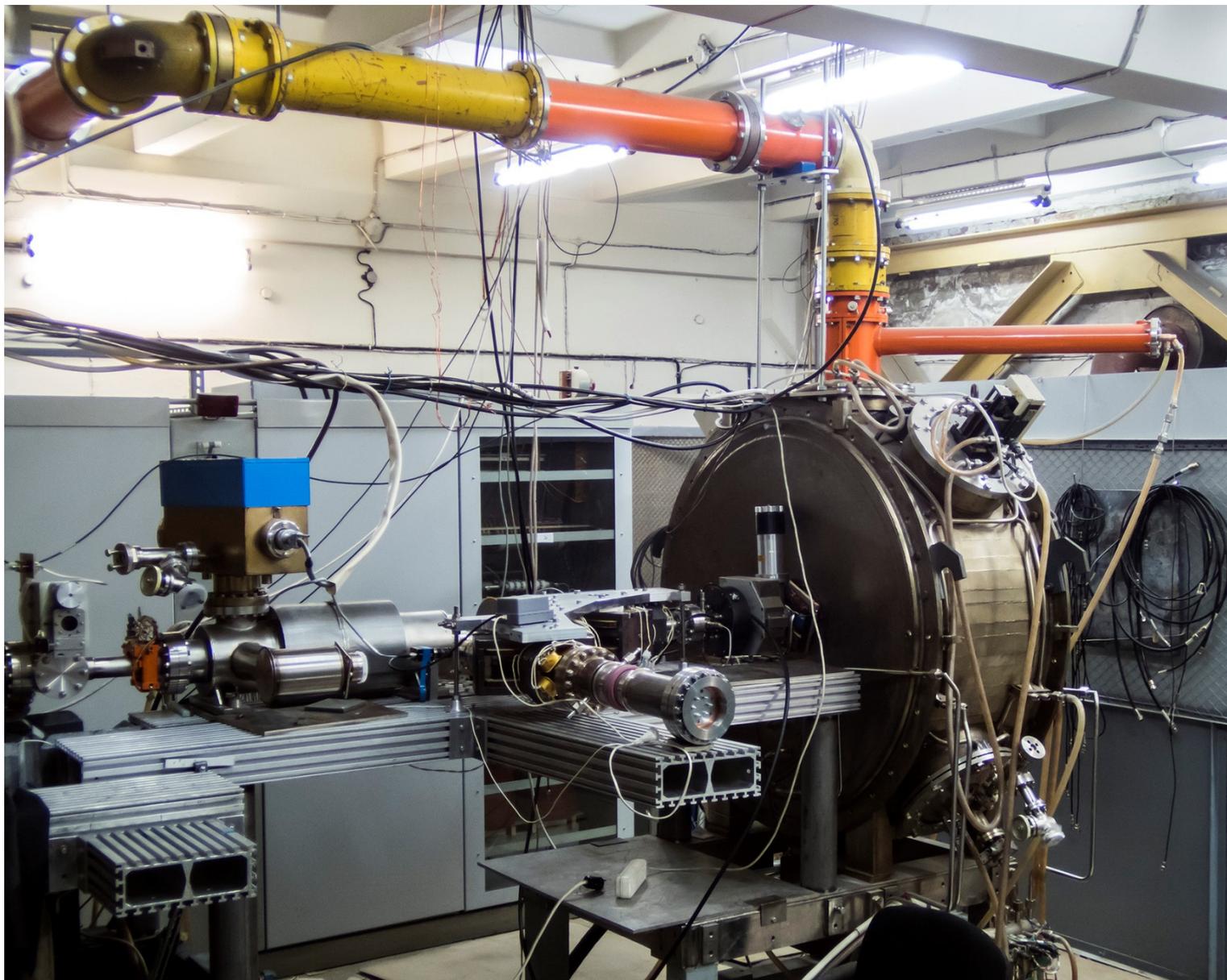
Summary of Injector Parameters

(actually measured)

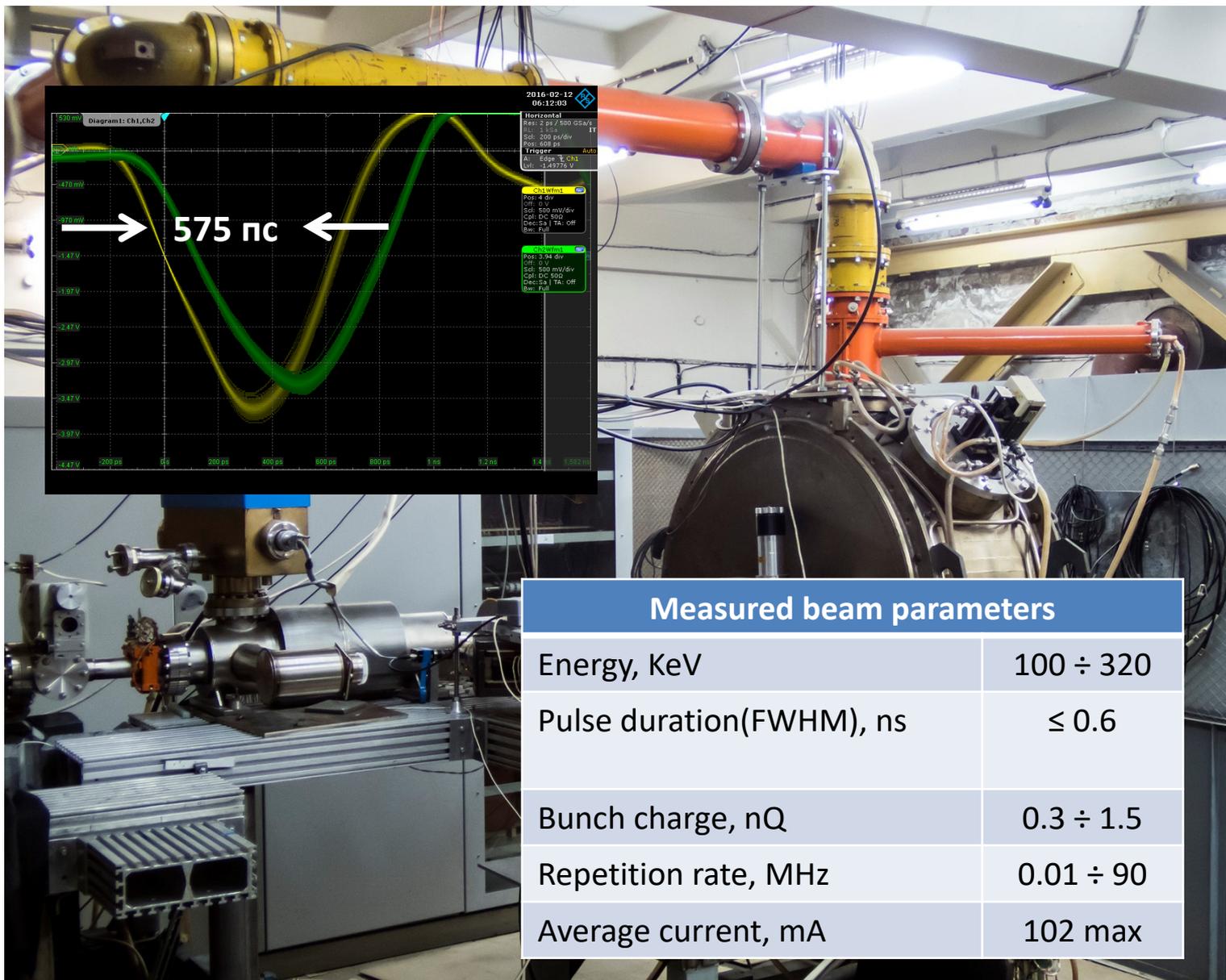
Minimal normalized emittance (gun), μm	8
Minimal normalized emittance (final), μm	15
Maximal bunch charge, nQ	2
Maximal repetition rate, MHz	22.5
Maximal average current, mA	50
Maximal gun voltage, keV	300
Output beam energy, MeV	1.8

5.

RF Gun Test Setup



RF Gun Test Setup

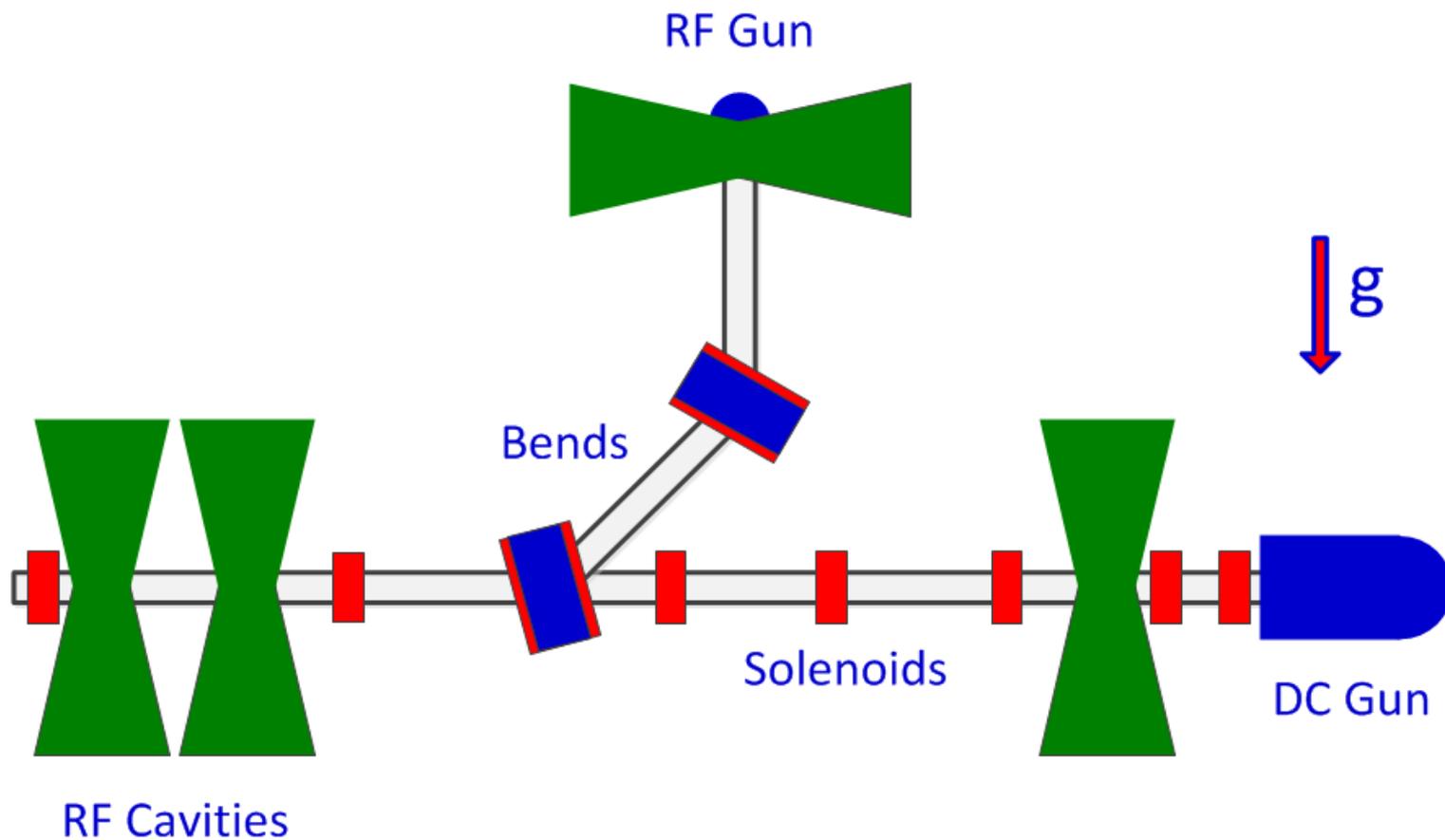


Measured beam parameters

Energy, KeV	100 ÷ 320
Pulse duration(FWHM), ns	≤ 0.6
Bunch charge, nQ	0.3 ÷ 1.5
Repetition rate, MHz	0.01 ÷ 90
Average current, mA	102 max

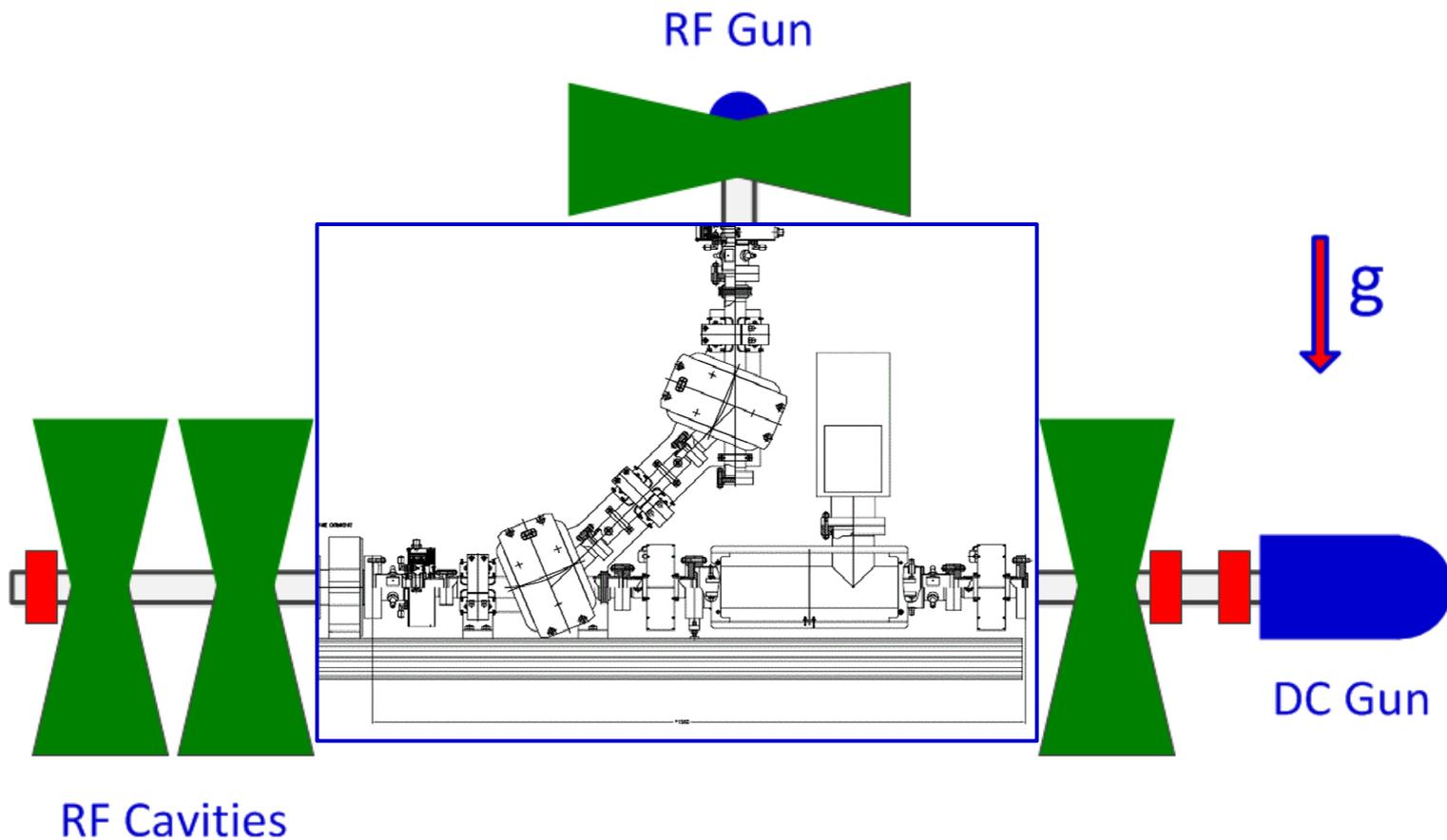
5.

RF Gun Installation Layout



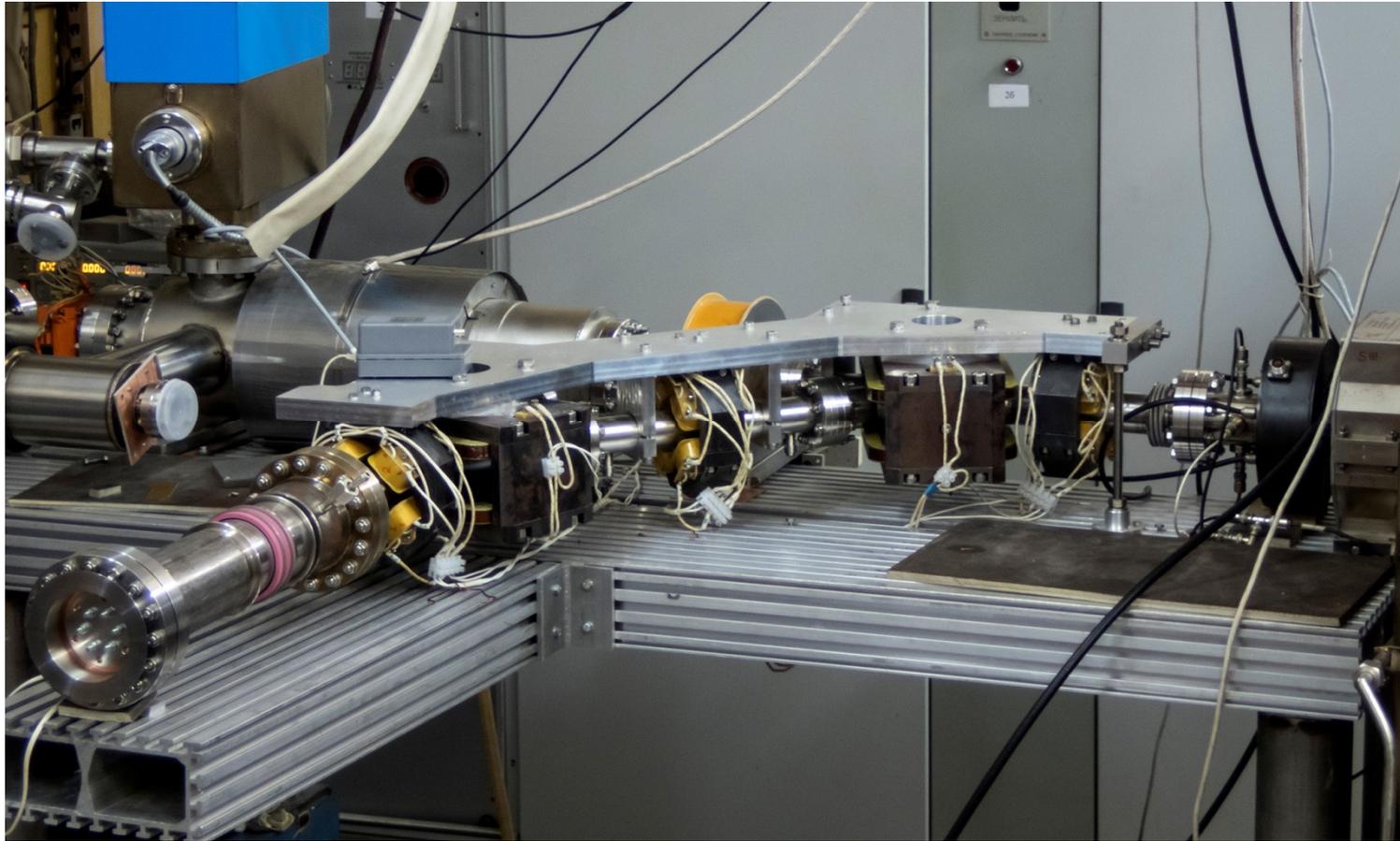
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RF Gun Installation Layout



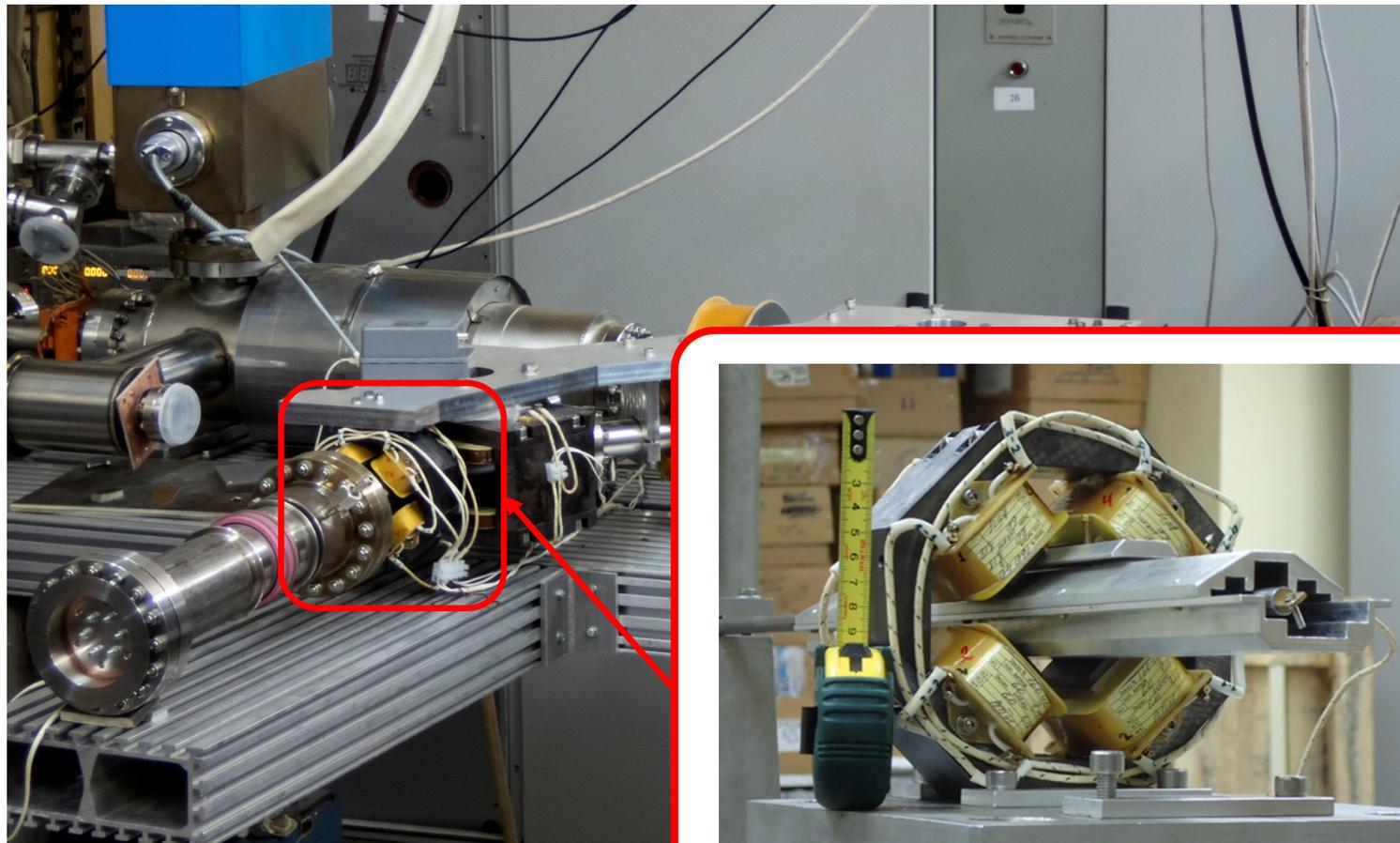
5.

RF Gun Beamline



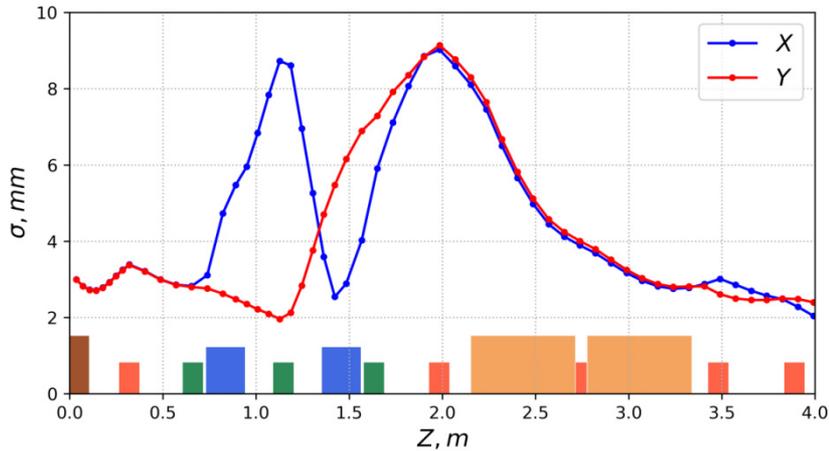
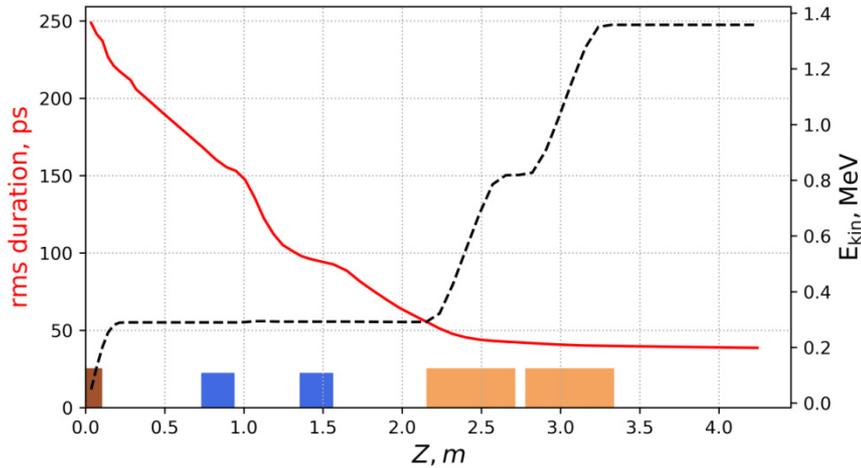
5.

RF Gun Beamline



5.

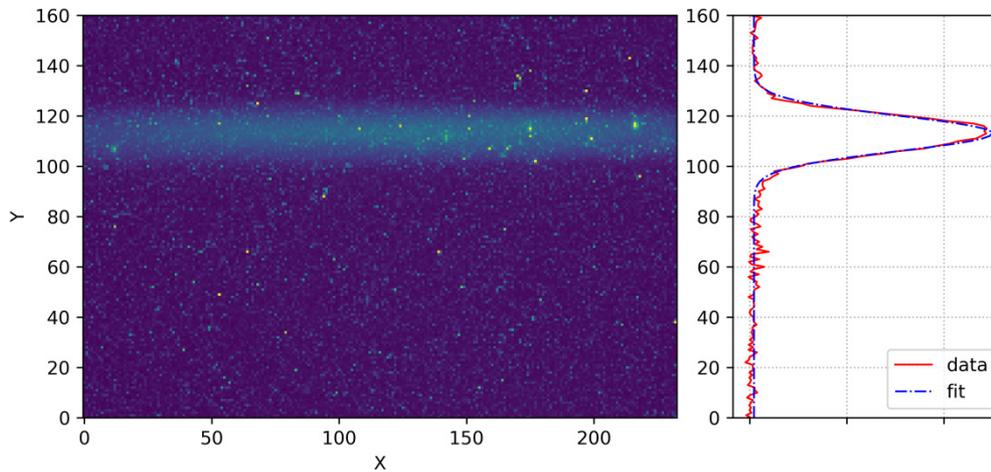
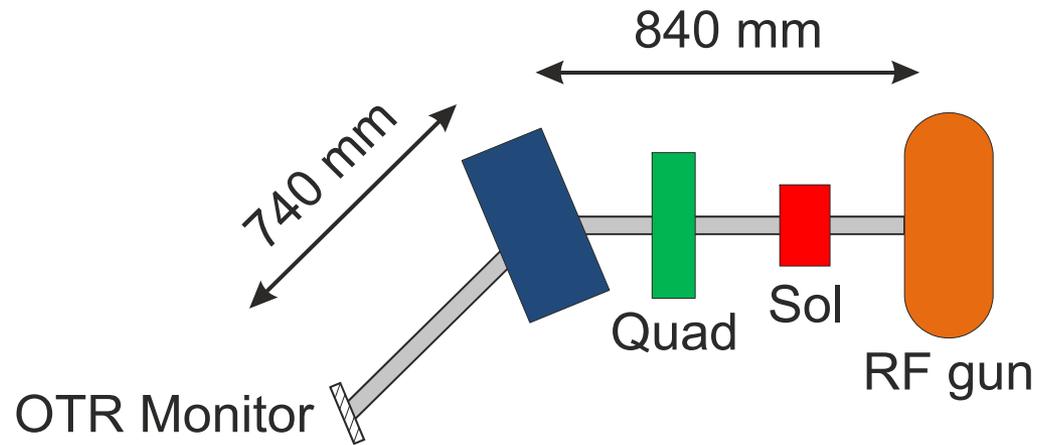
Results of Simulations



	x	y
Losses, %	19	
Norm. emittance, μm	27.6	27
Slice emittance, μm	13	20
Beta function, m	0.39	0.82
Bunch duration, ps	42	
Energy, MeV	1.87	
Energy spread, keV	14	

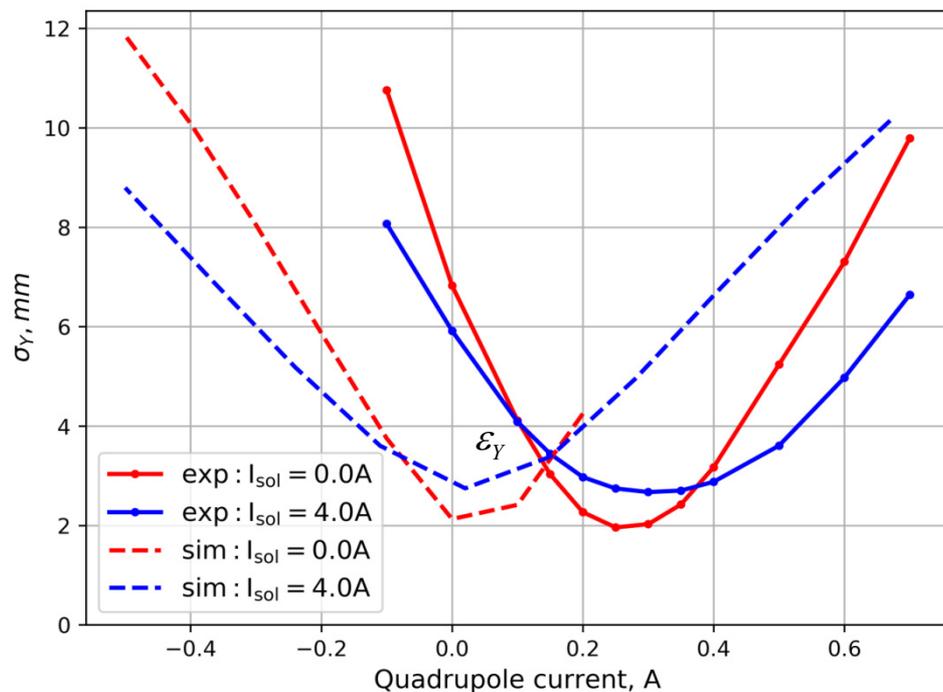
5.

Beam Parameters Measurement



5.

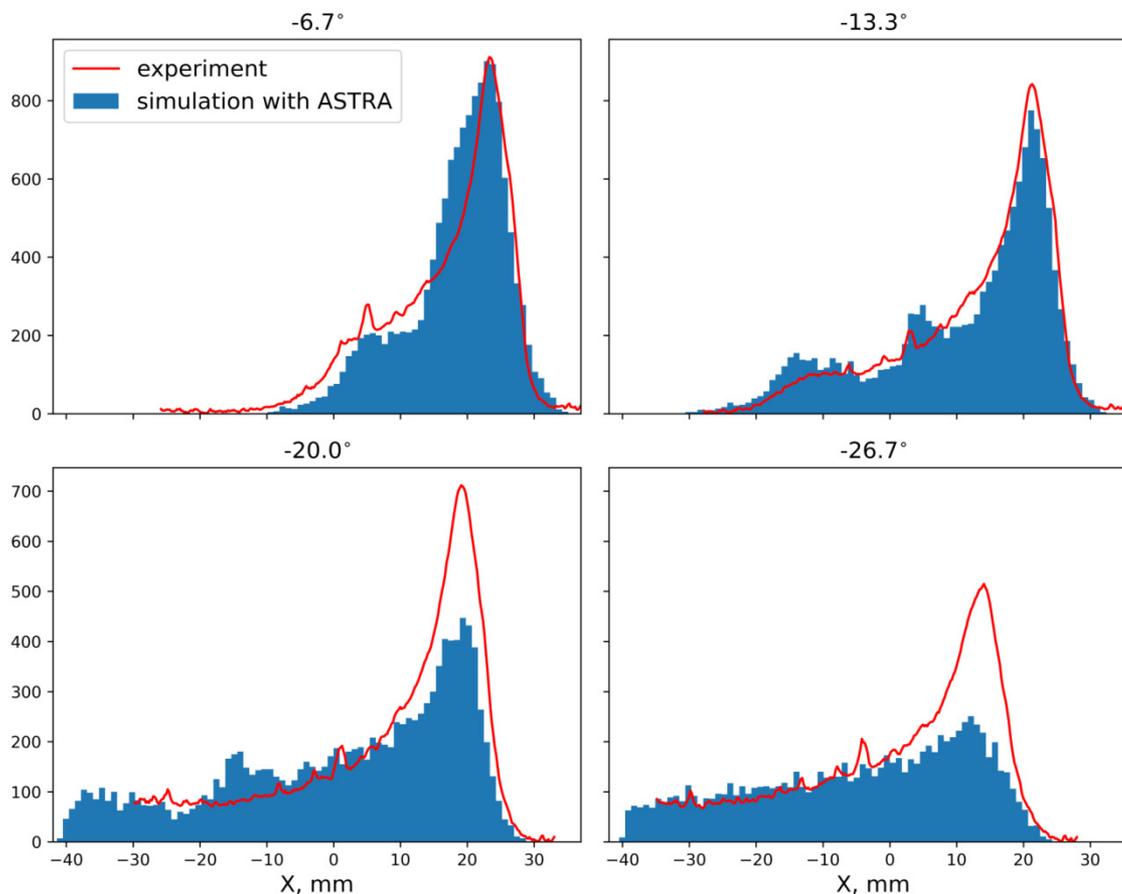
Beam Parameters Measurement



Solenoid current, A	Normalized emittance, μm
0.0	18.5
4.0	16

Dependence of the beam size on quadrupole current for different solenoid currents

Beam Parameters Measurement



Measured and simulated energy (horizontal coordinate) distributions for different accelerating phases

Summary

- NovoFEL injector has unique parameters. It provides the beam quality sufficient for all current applications.
- Measured beam parameters are in a good agreement with the simulation results but further improvement of the calculation model is needed.
- Commissioning of the new RF gun injection beamline is in progress. Its installation will allow to increase the average current and FEL radiation power.



Project participants

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Thank you for your attention!