NAME OF MACHINE Heidelberg Compact Cy	
INSTITUTION German Cancer Research Ce	nter-Inst.for Nuclear Medicine
ADDRESS <u>Heidelberg-West Germany</u>	
IN CHARGE Prof.Dr.W.J. Lorenz/	REPORTED by Dr. G. Wolber
Dr. G. Wolber	1)
HISTORY AND STATUS	MAGNET 1)
DESIGN, date 1967 MODEL tests 1968-69	POLE FACE diameter 109 cm; R extraction 49 cm
ENG. DESIGN, date	
CONSTRUCTION, date Oct.1971-May 1972	GAP, min $5,4$ cm; Field 20 kG of 175 x 10^6 max $17,5$ cm; Field 8 kG at 10^6 cm; Field 8
FIRST BEAM date (or goal) June 14th, 1972+)	AVERAGE FIELD at R ext kG ampere turns
MAJOR ALTERATIONS_	CURRENT STABILITY ± 50 parts/10 ⁶ ; B _{max} /(B) 1,43
TIT TO THE TENTH OF THE TENTH O	NUMBER OF SECTORS 4 ; SPIRAL, max O deg
OPERATION, min.35 hr/wk; On Target 20 hr/wk	POLE FACE COIL PAIRS: AVF 4 /sec;
TIME DIOT : 180 Mr/Wk; On Target 20 mr/Wk	
TIME DIST., in house 80 %, outside 20 %	Harmonic correction
USERS' SCHEDULING CYCLE 1 weeks COST, ACCELERATOR 1,5x10 DM	WEIGHT: Fe 24 tons; Coils 2 tons
COST, ACCELERATOR 1,5X10 DM	CONDUCTOR, Material and type Cu pipes
cost, FACILITY, total 107 DM FUNDED BY Volkswagenwerk Foundation	
FUNDED BY VOIRSWAGEIWEIR FOUNDACTOR	STORED ENERGY ~ 0,1 MJ
	COOLING SYSTEM Water
ACCELERATOR STAFF, OPERATION and DEVELOPMENT	POWER: Main coils 40 max, kW
SCIENTISTS 1 ENGINEERS 1	irimming coils
TECHNICIANS 6 CRAFTS	Trimming coils O, 8 max, kW YOKE/POLE AREA 102 %
GRAD STUDENTS involved during year 1	SECTOR ANGLE (Sep Sec) 45 deg ION ENERGY (Bending limit) E/A = q ² /A ² MeV
OPERATED BY Res staff or 2 Operators	ION ENERGY (Bending limit) E/A =q^/A^ MeV
BUDGET, op & dev	(Focusing limit) E/A =q/A MeV
FUNDED BY Federal Government 90%	ACCELERATION SYSTEM 1)
Government of State 10%	
RESEARCH STAFF, not included above	DEES, number 2 angle 43 deg
	BEAM APERTURE 2,3 cm; DC BIAS - kV
USERS, in house 4 outside 3 GRAD STUDENTS involved during year 2	TUNED by, coarse Manual fine VC (Auto)
GRAD STUDENTS involved during year 2	RF_28,6 to 43 mHz, stable ± 50 /10 ⁶
RES. BUDGET, in house FUNDED BY Federal Government > 90%	Orb F_10_ to mHz; GAIN, max_165kV/turn
FUNDED BY FEGERAL GOVERNMENT > 908	HARMONICS, RF/Orb F, used 2/4
	DEE-Gnd, max 50 kV, min gap cm STABILITY, (pk-pk noise)/(pk RF volt) $5x10^{-3}$
FACILITIES FOR RESEARCH	
SHIELDED AREA, fixed 16 x 18 m ²	RF PHASE stable to ± <u>not measured</u> deg
movable m ²	RF POWER input, max 6O kW
TARGET STATIONS 6 in 3 rooms	RF PROTECT circuit, speed µsec
STATIONS served at same time, max 1	Type
MAG SPECTROGRAPH, type	FREQUENCY MODULATION, rate/sec
COMPUTER, model	MODULATOR, type
OTHER FACILITIES	BEAM PULSE, width
fast neutron target for radiation	VACUUM SYSTEM
therapy	PUMPS, No., Type, Size 2 x 450 ltrs/sec
	VERTICAL TURBO PUMPS
	OPERATING PRESSURE 20 μTorr,
REFERENCES/NOTES	PUMPDOWN TIME 0,5 hrs
+) End of tests: April 30th, 1973.	
Fixed schedule for experiments	ION SOURCES/INJECTION SYSTEM Livingstone Type
since 1975	Transcone Tipe
1) Liesem, H.: Nucl. Instr. Meth. 105,	EXTRACTION SYSTEM DC Electrostatic
1972, 329–332	Defelctor and Focusing Magnet Channel
2) Wolber, G. et al.: 7th Int. Conf. on	
Cyclotrons and their Applications	, CONTROL SYSTEM
Zurich, Switzerland, Aug. 19-22,	
1975	

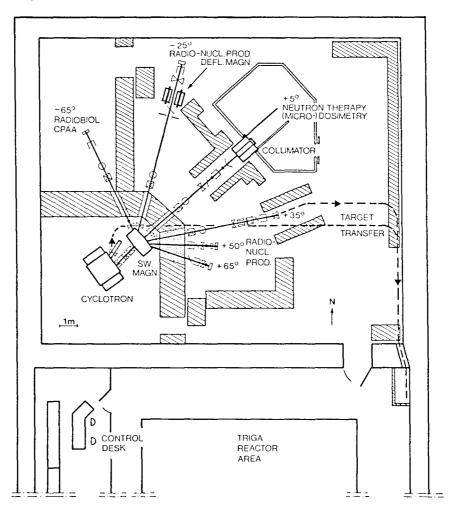
ENTRY NO. 27 (cont.) CHARACTERISTIC BEAMS 2)

BEAM PROPERTIES

CHARACTERIS	IIC BEAINS 27			BEAW PROPERTIES
		Goal	Achieved	Measured Conditions
	Particle	(Me∨)	(Me∨)	Pulse WidthRF degµA ofMeV
ENERGY	р/ ⁴ Не		21,5	Phase Exc, max ± 30 RF deg 45 μ A of 10.6 MeV d
d _{He}		10,6	Extract Eff 50-70 % µA of10,6 MeV d	
		28	Res, ΔE/E 0,5 % μA of MeV	
				Emittance not measured
CURRENT Internal	p,d_	(μ A)	1000 (#A)	(mm-mrad) {axial }µA ofMeV
	3 He, 4 He		50	OPERATING PROGRAMS, time dist
External	p		53,5	Basic Nuclear Physics9
d 3 _{He,4} He		100	Solid State Physics9	
		16	Bio-Medical Applications 40	
				Isotope Production 60 9
		(part/s)	(part/s)	Development
Secondary	<u>n</u>		$6 \times 10^{7-3}$	
31 🖺 🗝	E Motz dog	o rata	atm bear of	at ECD_120 cm and EO 1/3 d

3) $\overline{E}_n \! = \! 8,5$ MeV, dose rate $\! \sim \! 20$ rad/min at FSD=120 cm and 50 μA d

PLAN VIEW OF FACILITY, NOTEWORTHY FEATURES, OPERATION SUMMARY, ADDITIONAL REFERENCES



THE
HEIDELBERG
COMPACT CYCLOTRON
LABORATORY